Morning Oregonian.

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GENERAL NEWS

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Dr. Brandreth's Estate.

NEW YORK, Feb 26.—Dr. Brandreth, who [illegible] died at his home in Sing Sing, bequeathed his homestead and furniture to his wife and leaves the Brandreth House in Broadway, valued at $400,000, to his seven daughters. His stocks, trade marks and remainder of the estate go to his six sons on condition that they pay the widow one thousand dollars per month during her life.

Death of Dr. Robert White.

NEW YORK, Feb 26.—Assistant Surgeon Robert White, of the U. S. marine hospital service, died to-day. He was largely interested in sanitary science and was a prominent member of the American health association.

Fire at New York.

NEW YORK, Feb 25.—The picture frame and moulding factory of Haas & Vahlen, Pearl street, burned to-night. Loss, $50,000; insured.

Jay Gould to Visit Texas.

NEW YORK, Feb 26.—Jay Gould will leave for Texas the present week to be absent for three weeks. He will make a tour of inspection of his recent acquisitions in the railroad line and will look about for others.

Indicted for Forgery.

NEW YORK, Feb. 26.—J. Lloyd Haigh, wire manufacturer, whose operations mainly caused the failure of the Grocers' Bank, has been indicted for forgery.

Rise in Coal at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb 26.—Committees of the Lehigh and Schuylkill coal companies to-day agreed to a general advance of 25 cents per ton in price of lump, steamboat and broken sizes for line, city and harbor trades for March. The increase applies particularly to furnace trade.

Murder.

[illegible], O., Feb. 26.—An unprovoked murder occurred last evening. Enoch Young had a fight with two boys in a saloon and was badly punished. He left, threatening vengeance, and soon returned with a knife and stabbed twice Israel Bensley, who was not concerned in the fight, instantly killing him.

Legislators in Trouble.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 26.—The senate has passed a resolution suspending Senators [illegible], Capen, Stimms and Steward, charged with contempt in signing the Kellogg [illegible], and ordering the sergeant-at-arms to keep them in custody until further orders.

The Virginia Debt.

[illegible], Feb. 26.—A bill was introduced in the house to-day recognizing the principal of the state debt at $327,000,000; that 3 per cent interest be paid and new bonds be issued. This produced quite a sensation. [illegible] republicans are said to have [illegible] the terms of the bill. The move is regarded as a defection of republicans [illegible] from the ranks of the readjusters.

Parnell and Dillon at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 26.—Parnell and Dillon had an enthusiastic reception all along the line [illegible] hither. A large meeting is now in progress, and it is estimated that the receipts will be $1500 besides subscriptions. He speaks in Minneapolis to-night also.

Convicted of Murder.

[illegible], Feb. 26.—Herman Gallager, who [illegible] a school teacher named Wilson near [illegible] some months since, was to-day found guilty of murder in the first degree; the jury affixing the penalty of imprisonment for life.

Revenue of the U. S. Government.

It is thought at the treasury department that the total receipts from customs this year will be nearly $15,000,000, and from [illegible] revenue about $9,000,000. Taking this as a basis, it is estimated that the total receipts of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30th next will be $183,000,000, and from internal revenue $117,000,000, thus making a total income to the government, including receipts from miscellaneous sources, of about $300,000,000. It is calculated at the department that the total expenditures, including the sinking fund and interest on the public debt, will foot up between $275,000,000 and $278,000,000. This will leave a profit to the government of over $20,000,000.

Murders by Indians.

SAN ANTONIO, Feb. 26.—A body of 70 Indians are raiding the country between Laredo and Piedras Negras, and Mexican and American troops are co-operating in pursuit. The savages have killed eight men and seven women.

Outrage by Indians.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Tex., Feb 26.—Fifteen Indians attacked a Mexican wagon train of six wagons heavily loaded from Chihuahua for [illegible], and captured three drivers and the stock. The teamsters escaped and brought news to [illegible]. Twelve men have gone in pursuit. The Indians were well mounted and armed, and went toward the Rio Grande.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Washburne-Donnelly Contest.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The committee on elections to-day again discussed, but did not dispose of, the Washburne-Donnelly case.

The Postal Service Discussed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—Discussion in the house over the star route deficiency was chiefly notable for the vigorous speech by Gen. Hawley. Great interest is manifested in the discussion, and although there is no doubt that the deficiency bill reported will be passed, there is an evident disposition to have a settlement with Brady afterwards, even if it is necessary to go to the extreme of impeachment, hints of which are thrown out. There was a good deal more feeling developed in this matter than was expected, and Brady was censured in very severe language. The idea of the majority of the members of both parties seems to be that the appropriation of nearly $6,000,000, which was what the department asked for, was sufficient for the fiscal year, and that Brady's management of this branch has been very reckless and extravagant, to say the least of it.

The Majority's Embarrassment.

The democratic members of the senate held a caucus after adjournment this afternoon. It was called with a view of preventing the recurrence of an embarrassment which the majority have frequently had to encounter this session, namely, that of finding themselves without a sufficient number to carry their measures.

The Irish Relief Transportation Bill Approved.

The president to-day approved of the joint resolution authorizing the secretary of the navy to transport contributions for the relief of the suffering poor of Ireland.

A LITTLE TELEGRAPH WAR.

Fight at Denver, Col., between the Western Union and American Union Cos.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DENVER, Feb. 26.—The contest between the Western Union Telegraph Company and Mr Gould's new telegraph company commenced here to-day. It has been announced that the American Union would supplant the Western Union on the U. P. R. R., but it had not transpired just how this was to be effected in view of existing contracts. It seems that the Western Union Co. discovered that telegraph batteries were being secretly erected in the office of the Kansas Pacific railroad, and that a new line of telegraph was covertly constructed from these batteries to a point in the central part of the city, and that by a coup d'etat the whole telegraph line from here to Kansas City could be seized by and controlled by connecting it with the new batteries, and thus the Western Union be dispossessed. To prevent the consummation of any such act, the Western Union Company last night filed its bill in the district court of Arapahoe county against the American Union Telegraph Company and the Kansas Pacific Railroad Company, applying for an injunction, which was granted this afternoon by Judge Elliott. The injunction restrains the Kansas Pacific R. R. Co. from permitting the American Union Telegraph Co. to operate any of the wires connected along the Kansas Pacific from Denver, and prohibiting both defendants from disconnecting any of the wires from the batteries of the Western Union Telegraph Company, or combining them.

ADJOURNED.—The grand jury of the state circuit court adjourned Thursday afternoon to meet again in two weeks.

BOYNTON VS. SHERMAN.

What the General Says of the Charges Made against Him.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26.—The charges preferred by Gen. Boynton against Gen. Sherman were indorsed from the war department to the president, who directed them to be referred to Sherman for such remarks as he may deem necessary. Gen. Sherman indorses the document saying that he now sees it for the first time. He deems it an insult to his office, to his record and to a name which has stood 60 years without a single imputation on its honor or integrity.

He declares that the two first specifications involve purely the civil offense of libel or slander, comprised into the short letter I wrote him under date of Jan 16, 1880, every word of which is true, and which I appear to justify. As to the third specification, I have never heard that Gen. Grant or Thomas or Logan or Blair or any of the great men whom he assumes to defend have ever appointed Gen. Boynton as their attorney. To the living and to the friends of the dead I am ever responsible for every word spoken or written. I yield to love and veneration for my comrades, and have been for 15 years on all suitable occasions their eulogist. All men have their good qualities and their human defects, and in accounting for the actual events of the terrible civil war I was forced, like every commander of an army, to account for actual results. If ever in my life at any time I have done injustice to any person whosoever, which I deny, I will cheerfully submit the matter to an umpire and abide by his judgment. I have made this proposition again and again, and will renew it publicly at our next army meeting. These meetings are composed of the very men who know and feel the causes referred to, and compose the rightful tribunal for the matter set forth in the third and last specifications. I admit the right of H. V. Boynton or any person to prefer these or any charges, and I am always amenable to a court martial, and I am glad he has reduced his complaint to a tangible form. He has no right, however, to impose upon the United States the heavy cost of a military trial or witnesses from distances or necessary attorneys' fees. I regard his premature publication of these matters of scandal as in the line of his profession, and meant purposely to avoid the only trial which is right and proper, viz., in one of the many civil tribunals which exist in the District of Columbia for this very purpose. I beg, therefore, that you will understand that I am abundantly ready to answer before any court. When a month ago this Boynton publicly threatened me with assault, I employed as my attorney the Hon. Matt H. Carpenter, who is ready to-morrow in my name at any and all times. I have the honor to be, your obedient servant, W. T. SHERMAN, General.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Fearful Picture of Suffering in Galway County, Ireland.

LONDON, Feb 26.—A correspondent writes from near Galway: It is a terrible state of affairs. Fifty families here eke out a miserable existence. Their houses are small heaps of dirty stones, their land is rock and soft bog, and hunger and want are everywhere apparent. The people go naked and without food. Many are slowly starving to death. Such scenes of appalling destitution I never before witnessed. Every step we took brought before our view a new and more fearful picture of destitution and suffering. The more we saw the more certain did death from starvation appear inevitably the fate of every man, woman and child on the island. Gaunt, thin and pale were the faces of men who were naturally of herculean build, and the features of the women and children were overspread by the ghastly pallor of hunger. In many cabins children crouched shivering and almost naked around the fire, and when I entered they sprang behind their mother, whose single garment, a thin dress, was but the slightest protection against the wind which blew through the broken roof. On the fire was the dinner, a pot of brown-green sea weed. It is certain that unless they are well cared for dozens will die of starvation.

A Tenant-Right Meeting in Ireland Dispersed by Orangemen.

LONDON, Feb 26.—A large tenant right meeting near Portadown, in county Armagh, was to-day attacked by three thousand Orangemen, armed with bludgeons, who stormed the platform and dispersed the meeting. Twenty tenant-righters were seriously injured. The Orange party considered the meeting seditious.

A Suspicious Circumstance.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb 26.—The *Molva* states that on Sunday last the superintendent of police delivered to the chief of artillery six shrapnel shells found in a tramway car. The chief thereupon ordered that verification be made of all ammunition stored in the district, and discovered that thirteen shells were missing.

Russian Students Charged with the Attempts on the Czar's Life.

The inhabitants are beginning to attribute to students all the recent menaces and crimes here. Threats are consequently heard on all sides against the students, and the inhabitants affirm that if any criminal act occurs on the anniversary of the emperor's accession they will hold the students responsible, will burn down the university and lynch every student who falls into their hands. The government therefore is now forced to take measures for protecting the students.

The Military Management of St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb 26.—The office of governor general of St. Petersburg is to be superseded by the commission of supreme control under the independent direction of Gen. Loris Melikoff, who will be invested with the largest powers. The commission will take measures to stop revolutionary machination. It will comprise delegates of various departments who will execute the instructions of their chiefs and facilitate the co-operation of their respective departments in the measures adopted. Gen. Gourko remains commander in chief of the troops of the Imperial Guard at St. Petersburg.

Russo-German Relations.

LONDON, Feb 25.—The *North German Gazette* says that it will be glad if the discussion of its article on Monday last on Russo-German relations by the foreign press should lead the neighboring people to ask themselves whether Germany is likely to entertain aggressive intentions against them. The *Gazette* continues: *Duo si faciunt idem non est idem.* Russia's climate and the extent of her territory form natural barriers which hardly need strengthening. Germany's garrisons are not distributed to the best advantage even for prompt defense, much less an attack. But the resemblance between Russia and Germany fails especially in that Germany never thought of expeditions against her neighbors and is less likely to do so now than ever. The events of 1871 were forced on her much against her will.

LONDON, Feb 26.—The *Journal de St. Petersburg* says that the *North German Gazette* indulges in a variety of hypotheses on Russia's fortification projects, and from these hypotheses manufactures the hypothetical policy. The *Journal* comes to the conclusion that the opinion expressed in recent German pamphlets still holds good, namely that the feeling existing in Russia that Germany will not attack her can only proceed from a belief that Germany has always been Russia's truest friend, and that the two countries have no fundamentally divergent interests.

Emperor William to the Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb 26.—Emperor William, in writing to the czar his congratulations at the latter's escape from death at the time of the explosion in the Winter Palace, attaches great blame to the Russian police for disregarding the warning from the Berlin police that such an act was contemplated by the nihilists.

The Czarina about to Die.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb 25.—The czarina is reported unconscious and approaching dissolution.

Fighting in Afghanistan.

LAHORE, Feb 26.—Fighting has been renewed at Herat between Cabul and Herati regiments and the former have been completely defeated.

Hartmann will be Surrendered.

PARIS, Feb 26.—Hartmann will be surrendered to the Russian authorities.

CANADA.

Disastrous Fire.

TORONTO, Feb 26.—A report has just been received here that the house of assembly at Fredericton, N. B., is on fire and that there is very little hope of saving it. The New Brunswick legislature was to open there to-morrow.

THE NEW YORK CONVENTION.

COMMENTS BY THE NEW YORK CITY PAPERS.

The Delegates not Bound by the Resolution of the Convention—Severe Criticism of Conkling by the "Times"—Etc., Etc., Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, Feb 26.—The *Times* says: The republicans of New York may be congratulated upon the absence of brow beating and ill temper and upon the general disposition toward harmony which prevailed in the state convention yesterday. There was a sharp difference of opinion as to the wisdom of indorsing the candidacy of Grant which found free expression in debate and divided the body into two sections of nearly equal strength, but this difference produced no hostile feeling and no wounds were inflicted in debate which would rankle in the approaching campaign. The Grant managers sought to make the delegates from the anti-Grant districts believe that they are in honor bound to accept the pledge as applying to them as well as to the delegates who are reported to have made a mistake of giving in their submission to this interpretation of the resolution. If they have really done so they had better correct their error at once. No man chosen to represent a Blaine district at Chicago can vote for Grant and plead the convention's resolution in justification of his course unless the nomination of Grant should be a foregone conclusion. In case of a contest a delegate who disobeys the instructions of his district will have a reckoning to settle with his constituents and will find himself instantly retired by them from public life. I will not fail to argue that four years ago the entire New York delegation with the exception of one man accepted the request of the convention as equivalent to instructions and voted for Conkling at Cincinnati. There is no parallel between the two cases.

The *World*, as to be expected, belittles the convention and those who composed it as merely Conkling's tools, and adds that the New York delegates ought to be thankful just now to see that all political folly in the state is not confined to the democratic party.

The *Sun* says: Conkling yesterday prevailed on the great patriotic party to exhibit itself as inconsistent and unprincipled. Of course the character of the party is gone. The man who four years ago solemnly told you one thing and to-day solemnly tells you directly the opposite is justly accounted a liar and a knave.

The *Times* says: The state convention has done its work without making any very serious blunder. The selection both as temporary and permanent chairman of a second rate journalist whose only claim to distinction was his persistent habit of sinking the journalist in the politician was not a wise nor dignified proceeding. It was, in fact, merely an exhibition of that vulgar kind of political bravado and personal arrogance which so seriously detracts from Conkling's influence as a party leader, and in virtue of which he excites quite an unnecessary amount of enmity. As there will be no other state convention this year, and the presidential electors and members of the new state committee being selected yesterday, a good opportunity was lost to place the republican party of the state in line with the most advanced principles of party policy. Perhaps the chief reason for this omission was a desire to avoid the embarrassing necessity of any reference to the work of the present administration. This caution was more characteristic of the politician than of the statesman.

The Chicago Press on the "Conkling Cussedness" in New York.

CHICAGO, Feb. 26.—The *Tribune* considers Conkling's success at Utica as the least creditable and least flattering of his life. His sole argument was the strong man plea, which is ridiculous on its face, as no patriot who runs in a presidential race has any duty before he takes his place in the chair at the white house. It is not to be expected that Mr Conkling, even though he sees that the strength of Mr Blaine is so great that it has almost wrested from him control of his own "rotten borough," will recognize that menacing strength in a convention of men whom he claims as all his own. It is not for him to confess that the peculiar aggressive strength of Blaine is so great that it promises to dispense with all occasion of a violent inauguration of that political bugaboo with which the nurses of the republican party infant are trying to frighten it into swallowing a very bitter dose.

The *Times* editorial on the Utica convention and the motion to instruct the delegates for Grant, says: The narrow escape from defeat which Cameron had in the Pennsylvania convention when the same question was at issue was not more significant of a strong prejudice against a third term than was this small majority of 37 in a total of 397 votes in the New York convention. As the case stands New York is gained for Grant, provided he remains a candidate when the Chicago convention meets and congressional district delegations, though strongly opposed to his nomination, will obey the instructions of the state convention and vote as a unit.

The *Inter Ocean* considers the question of the success of Grant at Chicago fully assured, and regards the republicans as particularly fortunate at having reached so wise a decision.

What the Cincinnati Papers think of the Job.

CINCINNATI, Feb 26.—The *Enquirer* says: The result in New York shows that Grant's strength is all that his friends have claimed. The approval of the candidacy of Grant was too unanimous to go unheeded.

The *Commercial* says: The Grant element is behaving in a tyrannical and dictatorial manner toward the republican party—a party composed of elements which will not endure such a course—and the result will be that the party will throw off the restraint placed upon it and dare the result.

The *Gazette* says: The resolutions of the Utica convention that the vote of the New York delegation be cast for Grant represent, as in the case of the Pennsylvania rule, the power of one man rather than the voice of the republican voters. This rule was exercised in the last New York state convention at the risk of losing the election of the nominees for governor, who was saved only by the accident of the John Kelly rebellion in the democratic party. Such a rebellion cannot be depended upon to save the ticket again.

The St. Louis Papers—The "Republican" (Democratic) Rejoices at the Prospect.

The St. Louis *Republican* regards the endorsement of Grant by Pennsylvania and New York as nearly assuring his success as a candidate. The democrats have every reason to congratulate themselves on the prospect. No other republican has so vulnerable a reputation.

The *Globe-Democrat* is jubilant and confident of the result at Chicago and the polls.

The Boston "Advertiser" on the Utica Convention.

BOSTON, Feb 26.—The *Advertiser*, which has hitherto leaned towards Grant, says that the resolutions at Utica cannot hope to command unqualified approval. The safety of the nation is not imperiled as asserted. It is not true that the vote of New York is to decide the election of the president. In more respects than one the praise lavished on Grant is gratuitous. All the world knows his record, and those who wish to know more of it will not go to Utica to learn it.

POLITICAL.

Indiana Chooses Delegates—Blaine the Favorite.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb 26.—Republican conventions were held in all the congressional districts of this state to-day.

First district—No instruction by the convention; personal preferences of the delegates Blaine first, Washburne second.
Second—Resolutions of instructions favoring Blaine and Harrison were passed.
Third—No instructions.
Fourth—Both for Sherman.
Fifth—No instructions.
Sixth—No instructions.
Seventh—Instructions to vote against the nomination of any man for a third term; Blaine first choice.
Eighth—No instructions; Blaine element predominates.
Ninth—Decidedly for Blaine.
Tenth—No instructions.
Eleventh, Twelfth and Thirteenth—No instructions.

The convention adopted resolutions favoring Blaine for first choice and Washburne 2d.

The Illinois Republicans—About an Equal Division between Grant and Blaine.

CHICAGO, Feb 26.—The delegates from the various congressional districts of Illinois who met here to-day at the Grand Pacific hotel with the republican state central committee to confer regarding the canvass and to report concerning the condition of their respective sections were as regards presidential preferences nearly equally divided on Grant and Blaine, but there was a clear majority of anti-Grant delegates. Sherman had some friends, but Washburn had stronger support. Blaine's friends went into the conference with a determination to make it absolutely devoid of personal canvass, but they were driven from their peaceful councils by friends of Grant who struck out for a third term. The name of Grant secured the loudest applause, but Blaine's friends were numerous and stout hearted.

Blaine's, Grant's and Sherman's Friends at Washington—What they are Doing and what they Think.

WASHINGTON, Feb 26.—Some of Secretary Sherman's friends held an informal meeting here to-night to talk over the situation. Most of the republican members from Ohio were present. The meeting was without special result, being held merely for interchange of opinion.

The Grant men in Washington are cheered by the news from New York, although the Grant sentiment is not quite as unanimous as they could wish. They claim, however, that it means Grant's nomination at Chicago and that nothing can prevent it. They affirm that Illinois will follow the example of New York and Pennsylvania, which will give him [illegible] votes with some states to hear from. They argue that the Grant boom will be about at par henceforward and that all kicking upon the trace by [illegible] third term republicans will be useless. On the other hand, at the Blaine headquarters there are no signs of discouragement, and his friends ask suspension of judgment until New England and the great northwest is heard from.

At the Sherman headquarters his friends are busy and cheerful as usual, making little noise but doing a good deal of quiet work. Sherman men here are now making war on Grant as vigorously as the Blaine men, who seem to be in a very combative mood.

Grant men profess to have definite information from Illinois to the effect that this great state will certainly wheel into line and send a solid Grant delegation. They argue that the moral effect will be immense and bring numbers of smaller and weaker states into line. This is their view of it.

MEXICO.

Grant in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb 24.—Gen. Grant held a reception last night at the residence of minister Foster. The elite of Mexican society was present. Daily papers publish scraps of biography of Generals Grant and Sheridan. On Thursday a grand festival dedicated to General Grant will be given in the principal plaza. Four hundred musicians are preparing for the event.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

CALIFORNIA.

Citizens of San Francisco Preparing to Defend Themselves.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 26.—The *Call* this morning says that a secret meeting of citizens for the purpose of organizing a vigilance committee was held last night in the Palace hotel. The avowed object of the organization is the suppression of any possible riot which might occur in connection with the labor agitation movements.

Movements of the San Francisco Agitators.

There was no parade of the workingmen to-day, and the meeting at the sand lot was comparatively tame. Gannon, chairman of the committee, reported that after this week the committee would cease calling on the employers of Chinese, and that week day meetings at the sand lot would be discontinued. [Cries of "Agitate."] "We will agitate in a different way," said Gannon. His speech was principally devoted to the recent meeting of merchants with the view of raising subscriptions for the benefit of the unemployed, several of whom he abused roundly.

The Merchants' Relief Movement.

A meeting of merchants was held this afternoon to hear the report of the committee appointed to concert relief measures. There was a very small attendance and the report was not submitted. The committee stated that since the last meeting the incendiary language of the agitators had put the mercantile community in a frame of mind in which it would be of but little use to approach them for contributions. The feeling seemed to be that they were ready to assist the unemployed, but wanted to wait and see the result of the agitation. The meeting adjourned without action, and the impression seemed to be that the project had fallen through until such time as more temperate counsels might prevail among workingmen.

Chinamen Discharged.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb 26.—The superintendent of the Sulphur Bank Quicksilver Mining Co. of Lake county, of which Tiburcio Parrott is president, this week discharged all the Chinamen employed by it. The refusal of the company to do so caused a complaint to be lodged against Mr Parrott, on which he was arrested last week, and which case will come before the U. S. circuit court Saturday, in order that the constitutionality of the law may be tested. Last week the superintendent of the Sulphur Bank mine informed Mr Parrott that the feeling in Lake county had become so bitter against the company for its refusal to discharge its Chinamen that it would be best to let them go. Mr Parrott therefore discharged all the mongolians employed by the company. The case testing the constitutionality of the act of the legislature will, it is understood, be pushed on to a decision.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

The Disabled "California"—Capt. Thorn.

PORT TOWNSEND, Feb 26.—The steamship *California* will be ready to take mails and freight to Sitka on or about March 8th.

The steamer *Princess Louise* will leave Victoria for Wrangel March 4th.

Capt. Thorn is improving rapidly.

Fire.

The residence of T. M. Hammond, near this city, was burned to the ground last night. It was insured in the Home Mutual for $1000. The inmates narrowly escaped.

ANOTHER RAILROAD BOOM.

The Oregon and California Railroad Co. Propose Constructing Branch Roads to Silverton and from Albany to Lebanon.

We are reliably informed that the Frankfort committee of the bondholders of the Oregon and California Railroad Co. have under consideration the construction of branch roads from the main line of their road to Silverton in Marion county and from Albany to Lebanon in Linn county. A meeting, we learn, has been called and will meet in a few days to decide finally upon the matter. There is no doubt but that the construction of the branches will be authorized and work commenced at once. The branch from Albany to Lebanon has been a matter of negotiation between the people of the last named town and Mr Koehler for some time, and is now brought before the committee by that gentleman, who is at present in Germany, in pursuance of his understanding with the citizens of Lebanon.

The construction of these branches of the Oregon and California railroad will be a great benefit to the people of Marion and Linn counties, and will be especially advantageous to the towns of Silverton and Lebanon, each of which will be a terminus of a branch road and will necessarily become the wheat depot and center of trade of a considerable section of country. This will be more especially the case if the people of the east side should not succeed in getting the projected narrow guage railroad. We hope the expectations of the officers of the company will be realized, and we shall be able to announce soon that the construction of these branches has been authorized by the bondholders.

THE IRISH RELIEF FUND.

The Catholic *Sentinel* says: Archbishop Seghers gratefully acknowledges the receipt of $301 from Rev. L. Gandon of The Dalles, being the amount contributed by the citizens thereof, to be sent to Archbishop McHale of Tuam.

His grace also forwarded the sum of $[illegible] to the Nun of Kenmare, being the contribution of some citizens of The Dalles through Mr Wm. Hartley.

The *Sentinel* acknowledges the receipt of fifty dollars contributed by the members of St. Joseph's Benevolent Society of Jacksonville, and also the receipt of fifty six dollars through the kindness of Rev. F. X. Blanchet, being the contribution of the generous citizens of Yreka, California.

The total amount collected by Messrs. McTiernan, Short and Burns in Victoria, V. I., for the Irish relief fund was $[illegible]. On the basis of population this is claimed to be the largest amount yet given by any city. Bishop Brondel has forwarded the amount to Archbishop McCabe of Dublin. Of the amount contributed the city gave $[illegible], which was the largest single subscription, and Bishop Brondel gave $500, which was the largest individual subscription.

The generous citizens of Boise City subscribed $[illegible] in one day for the Irish relief fund.

KITTITASS VALLEY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Lively Logging—Winter Wonders—Camp Cuttings—Farming Freaks—Immigration Ideas—Railroad Routes—Indian Idiots—Business Booms—Truthful Tales—And General News in a Nut Shell.

ELLENSBURG, Feb [illegible], 1880.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN.

Our Washington winter has ended. It began in early November chills, smiled through December, froze itself up in January, and melted out in February. The greatest depth of snow in the valley was five inches. The deepest snow that fell at the Harkness & Co.'s logging camps was five feet, and that occurred on the notable 6th of January. The 1st of December on the marvelous morning there of the mercury fell to 22 below zero, and the oldest inhabitant played freeze out in his dilapidated chimney corner. He will never again swear he never saw such a cold snap, that the all fired freeze up was altogether unprecedented and not at all companionable with Kittitass. In brief, the winter weather wrought wonders. It "waxed out" all the weather prophets, wended and winded its own way, and then, after a pleasant and profitable sojourn of a few weeks, went on a visit to Puget Sound, Oregon and California, leaving our delightful Eden without storm or bluster, dearth or damage.

The cattle grazed all winter in the valley, the singing birds remained in their sylvan retreats, the chickens laid the usual amount of eggs for a spring supply, the deer browsed on the brows of the hedging hills, the meadow lark and the wood thrush caroled their accustomed lays at noon and eventide, the school girls wrote sublime poetry to their prosaic cousins, the merry men whittled out mint juleps on the ever-inviting store box, and every old bachelor and widower in the whole celestial region put on a white shirt, washed himself and made diligent enquiries about the expense of old maid and widow licenses. "Spring has come and all nature rejoices," and to my certain knowledge it always came before just in the same way and about the same time, in this altitude and latitude, all surmises to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Northern Pacific logging camps situated on the banks of the Yakima river, at the foot of the Cascade range, employ about one hundred and twenty five men, have been successfully operated and made pecuniarily profitable. The fir, cedar and pine timber is in abundance, no trouble to place it when cut in the river, and an easy job to float the logs to any point on the Columbia river when needed. Every principal lumberman in the country knows this, and every leading contractor profits by that knowledge. There will be 100,000,000 feet of logs for ties, bridge timber and culverts go floating down the Yakima river from the Kittitass country this summer and fall season. There are now four separate camps at work, and Mr Stone, the tie and timber contractor for the Dalles and Wallula division, is now here looking out camp spots for his "twenty million contract." And yet there is room for many more, including Col. Prosser, the U. S. timber agent, who, when he comes down like a wolf on the fold, will stand aghast at the wanton destruction the accidental fires have made on Uncle Sam's too densely setting and growing timber, and, thank God, if not the tree commissioner at Washington City, that there are plenty left where those came from, and that nature disputes Uncle Sam's claim to what he did not plant or pay for and defies all authority at Washington City to arrest his hurricane and fire consuming process of thinning out the woods to prepare the way for more light, more health, more wealth and less grumbling at the inevitable.

The Kittitass farmers feel frisky over their good fortune in being enabled to sell readily and at good prices for cash all their spare hay, grain and vegetables, as well as beef and bacon, to the logging camp and railroad operatives. And the tide of fortune is just setting in for them. The railroad will be built through this Kittitass Eden, on the only practicable and profitable route, right along as fast as time, men and money can do it. The gold mines of the surrounding hills will have more extended working facilities, on account of recent richer discoveries. The military post and encampments will purchase all their grain and hay supplies here. The incoming tillers of the soil from Oregon, California and the east by colonies will be unprecedented in number and character of their practical husbandry, and the climate, soil, water and timber supply, rock and marble, chalk and coal deposits, with all the most delicate and delightful landscape and atmospheric scenery that enclose and illumine a garden paradise seventy miles long and twenty to thirty miles wide—full of meads and meadows, lawns and prairies, hills and plains, of an unexcelled growth of grains and grasses, fruits and flowers—will now, henceforth and forever, tend to attract and retain the largest, the brightest, the most intelligent and practical of all 1880 and 1881 immigration to Washington territory.

Last season as high as sixty bushels of wheat were raised to an acre, and the general average is forty bushels with a volunteer crop following of twenty more. Potatoes yield about four hundred bushels to the acre and weigh any weight from one to five pounds. All other grain and vegetables accordingly. The reasons are: 3000 feet altitude, pure atmosphere, moist mold soil, frequent showers, refreshing winds in summer, and no scorching suns—no floods, no drouth, no storms, no dead calms, no foul airs, no poisonous vapors, no blights, no disease, no epidemics and no pestilence.

The Indian scares are all scared out, and the job market in that direction has been completely suppressed. One hundred white men at work on their farms and in their workshops, with only one Indian to war against, is now looked upon as "the best Indian policy to pursue."

Chief Moses is on his reservation at Okanagon, two hundred miles distant, yet his personal magnetism is so great as to cause all little steel particles to tackle on him from every isolated direction. Abuse, fabrication, false reports, envyings, jealousies and hatred are still on the wonderfully wrought *Record* of Yakima City, and poor old Moses all the more ignorant and better for it. An Indian always laughs to hear a white man curse him, for the simple reason that it gives the Indian the exact status of the white man that curses, and is the never failing signal of weakness and stupidity.

The public school question is undergoing a thorough discussion and examination in Kittitass valley, and will result in good schools, good teachers and good buildings. The population is about 1200, and number of schools seven. These will double on the influx of immigration this summer. Church buildings will also be erected, and the christian public amply accommodated with sound sermons, if not solid ones.

Shoemakers, tinners, watchmakers, harnessmakers and saddlers are greatly needed, but all these must have some capital to commence with and carry on trade successfully. There is an excellent opening for a chair and cabinet maker. In short, any industrious, energetic, worthy good man can do as well in Kittitass valley as any place in the world if he so exerts himself. Progress and enterprise are the watchwords of Eden, and this climate, soil, timber and mineral wealth of Kittitass valley means plenty of mining, manufacturing, lumbering, gardening and farming. It also means a population of over 100,000 in the next dozen years.

This correspondence originated with the writer, who has no property or selfish interests at stake, and whose only object is to make known through THE OREGONIAN the true condition of affairs in central Washington territory. SHY LOW.

The speaker of the British house of commons has $20,000 a year, a house rent free, $[illegible] of equipment money, 2000 ounces of silver plate on his election, $500 for stationery each year, and fees amounting to $15,000 a year.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb 26.

Whyte having presented a bill for the removal of a confederate soldier, J. L. Hiskell, who was ineligible to office under section 1218 of the revised statutes, Edmunds asked why that statute was not repealed in a bold and manly way, whereupon Garland moved to strike out all but the enacting clause of the pending bill and insert to repeal sec. 1218 of the revised statutes, an act which Edmunds warmly applauded as brave, and which the senate by a vote of 36 to 23 sustained.

The question being upon the passage of the bill, Edmunds said that this was no special legislation for a particular man, but its sole purpose was to restore to the U. S. army among others the very others who deserted it to make war against the flag they had sworn to support.

Thurman denied this and said that was a mere ghost flitting before the eyes of Edmunds. He supposed the country was entitled to the services of all its citizens in case war should come as it might. God forbid that he should ever be harassed about the loyalty of the south. Why should we brand these men who are ready to serve under the star spangled banner with degradation for which there is no political or other necessity? Why not allow them to receive appointments which at best can only come from the president and through the senate? A majority of the northern people desire to bury hatred. They want peace and fraternity once more.

Beck supported the bill.

Logan denounced the injustice of the bill, which allowed any confederate to be appointed in the army. There should be a distinction in our army now between those who fought for and those who fought to destroy the union, not because of a feeling of animosity, but they were found in position against the government and are not entitled again to wear its uniform and draw the sword to the preference of men who have always been faithful to it. If war came we could consider whether they might fight for us, but sufficient unto the day was the evil thereof.

Thurman said that Logan would not remove the brand in peace, but if war came with a foreign power would say to them: Here we have branded you in peace while you were loyal, and now we appeal to your patriotism to come out and fight for your country.

Logan said that he had not said that. It did not come to that. He was willing to argue the question now. Peace or war he would give appointments to those men who never failed when their country called. [Applause.]

Thurman said that Logan's policy was never to commission one who had been a confederate, no matter how able he was. Logan was welcome to that ground. Thurman could not understand, and Logan agreed with him, how a republican senate could have commissioned in the army certain cowards who had resigned just before.

Teller objected to further consideration, which was overruled.

Edmunds said that Thurman and others misused the word hatred as applied to the sentiment of the republicans toward those whom they believed violated the constitution by rebellion in opposing measures like this. The republicans were serving the interests of good order and patriotism and security of the nation.

Kirkwood supported the bill, and a motion of Edmunds for indefinite postponement was agreed to, 28 to 21. Booth and Farley aye. Allison, Davis of Illinois, Kirkwood, Logan, Paddock, Sharon and Teller voted no.

Edmunds moved to reconsider.

Teller moved to adjourn. Lost, 25 to 22.

Logan said that Edmunds urged senators to oppose the bill because they would be tried under it.

Edmunds said that he only advised a careful examination of this important measure.

At 7 o'clock McDonald moved to adjourn. The vote resulted 18 to 18, no quorum. But the roll showed a quorum present.

Logan proposed to continue his speech, send for books and papers, and entertain the senate six hours. After considerable filibustering a vote was reached on adjournment, and the senate adjourned, and the bill will come up in the morning as unfinished business.

House.

Blackburn raised a point against the star service bill that it did not itemize or give the aggregate of the appropriation as required by the rules.

The committee refused to sustain the point.

Blount explained the bill and severely denounced the postmaster general and his second assistant for going beyond the appropriation and compelling congress to endorse them or cripple the service. He hoped that if this policy obtained the house, regardless of party, would drive such miserable sophists out of place.

Blackburn criticised the postoffice department and the management of the service. The main features of the bill were first to provide necessary money for deficiency regardless of the heretofore existing abuses in the postoffice department. Nobody wanted to deprive the country of mail service on the 10,000 star routes. Second, to limit the department's discretionary power. He thought that if a bill did not sufficiently provide for this and should be more carefully drawn. No one would outstrip him in vindicating the postoffice department if it appeared that it had been honest, or in punishing it even to impeachment if it had been dishonest. He had seen members of the department on the floor of the house actively influencing votes and attempting to withdraw consideration of this matter.

Money, chairman of the postoffice committee, denounced this statement as unfounded.

Cannon concurred that it was premature to discuss the matter now before the committee reported. The service in the eastern states was steadily decreasing, but the increase west of the Mississippi was eating that up.

Haskell agreed that the chief star service was west of the Mississippi, but it was proper it should be. The present bill would work injustice. It would remand the department back to the old pack saddle once a week style of carrying the mails. The committee on appropriations had shown no fraud, examined into no route, but had struck at the colossal frame-work of the whole star service west of the Mississippi and would carry to the service the stagnation of death.

Cox asked what remedy there was when law was defied.

Haskell said that up to June 30th, the month of the appropriation committee, was closed, for they had given the postmaster general discretionary power to increase or decrease the service. He could not be impeached for exercising it.

Hawley severely criticised the department for the open, defiant, shameless infraction of solemn statutes. There was a deficiency of 34 per cent. Could any officer escape punishment by saying that there was no present deficiency, and that he would cut down the service so that there should be none? That was an insult to this body. Congress was acting under duress. He didn't desire to decrease the western service, and would willingly increase it, but he wanted manly fair obedience to law. Congress must deal as it pleased with those servants who disobeyed its mandates.

Blackburn read his proposed amendment limiting the appropriation to $800,000.

Baker had read a substitute which he proposed to offer for the first section of the bill, appropriating $500,000 to meet the deficiency in the star service, providing that compensation shall be reduced to the terms of original contract on any route on which the price had been increased, and further providing that nothing herein contained shall be construed to lessen the number of trips per week on any one route.

The committee then rose and the house adjourned.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb 26.

Maxey, from the committee on postoffices, reported with amendment the senate bill to authorize the refunding to postmasters of funds or valuables lost or stolen.

Blair submitted a resolution directing the secretary of the navy to transmit to the senate any information in the possession of the department in relation to the present condition of affairs in Alaska. Adopted.

The senate considered the calendar.

The remainder of the day was given to eulogies upon the late senator Houston.

House.

Warner called attention to the fact that no response had been received from the secretary of the treasury for the resolution calling for information as to the connection of the treasury department with the New York clearing house, and said that he would in a short time offer a similar resolution.

Ward introduced a joint resolution reaffirming the Monroe doctrine as follows:

WHEREAS, In his second annual message to congress President Monroe asserted that "We owe it to candor and to amicable relations existing between the United States and those European powers to declare that we shall consider any attempt on their part to extend their system to any portion of this hemisphere as dangerous to our peace and safety"; and

WHEREAS, The doctrine thus announced has been accepted by the American people and has become a cardinal principle in our national policy; and

WHEREAS, It is now proposed to construct under guarantees to be given by foreign governments a canal across the Isthmus of Darien; therefore be it

Resolved, That the doctrine enunciated [illegible] more than half a century ago by President Monroe and known as the Monroe doctrine be and the same is hereby reasserted, and it is, therewith, in behalf of the people of the United States, we affirm that the [illegible] of any inter-oceanic canal across the Isthmus of Darien, while open to the United States and [illegible] equally, must be in the interest of [illegible], and [illegible] shall be kept under the special protection of the United States.

Resolved, That the United States, sensible of the importance to the trade of the world of the opening of a water passage between the oceans, will cordially promote by such means as may be deemed proper and judicious such undertaking.

The joint resolution was referred to the interoceanic canal committee.

Reagan, chairman of the committee on commerce, reported a bill to establish a commission of inter-state commerce; also the following bills, which he stated he would offer as substitutes for that bill: to regulate state commerce; to amend the act of [illegible] and to [illegible] communication between the states. The three bills were ordered printed and made a special order for the fourth Wednesday in March.

The speaker laid before the house a communication from the postmaster general transmitting a list of all offers received for carrying mails and of all allowances made to contractors during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879. Referred.

The house having dispensed with the morning hour went into committee of the whole on the star service bill.

Page opposed the bill as striking at one hundred and seven of the great lines of the star service west, and as a representative of the people of that section protested against it. No member of the appropriation committee who had spoken yesterday had led any member of the house to believe that there had been fraud committed in putting on service on star routes.

Clymer said that the house had voted $5,900,000 for the service—every cent that had been asked for. The striking fact was proved by the report of the postmaster general that on the very day the appropriation had been made he had been running the department at a cost of $6,400,000. He called attention to the fact that for the first time since its publication the blue book for this year omitted any statement of the cost of running the postoffice department. That statement had been deliberately omitted. He left the committee to judge for itself what had been the object of omitting it. The second assistant postmaster general claimed that there was no limit to his discretion. He (Clymer) claimed that he who laid his hands on any fund so as to defer the intention of the statutes was in violation of law, and were it in his power that violator would suffer as other malefactors. What shall a mere clerk in the postoffice department override the will of the legislative power of this government? Had it come that congress was the servant of a clerk, and was he to strike it down by coming to this house, and with his promises by log rolling and by his threats of cutting down the service was congress to be driven to do what the second assistant postmaster general thought right, no matter what might be the judgment of congress? Had it come to that? Was the American congress the slave of a postoffice clerk? Congress did not propose to strike down the service, but if it could possibly, by direction or indirection, curb assumed power, the apparent extravagance (to use no offensive term) of the department, it should do so.

Rothwell supported the bill, not as a matter of choice but as a matter of necessity. Time for argument had passed and time for action had come.

Conger criticised Clymer for having injected into his speech a strong political and theatrical effort as he had made on another memorable occasion (referring to impeachment of Secretary Belknap), except that he had not now mounted his rostrum nor gone to the clerk's desk. The tears, the tremulous tone, the attack all corresponded. [Laughter.] The scenery was all here but it was not all new. The gentleman had informed the house that yesterday or the day before his committee had brought in a bill with a unanimous recommendation.

Clymer—The gentleman is certainly mistaken.

Conger—Well, somebody else said so to-day. The gentleman comes in and says that the bill of yesterday was substantially wrong. What shall we do with the committee that told us yesterday that this bill was substantially right, and tell us to-day that it is substantially wrong? Did that committee get any intimation from any members of the house that this bill was unwise and unsafe? Of course they did.

The general debate having closed, Blount moved as a substitute for the first section, the first section of a bill reported to-day by Baker.

Hayes said that he would be willing to vote $5,000,000 if it were needed, to keep up an efficient star service.

Upson said that the attempt was being made to force the present bill through under "whip and spur" without its being understood by the house or committee on appropriations. That committee was entirely at sea. It had yesterday brought in a bill which would save the government $100,000. To-day, by a substitute, it was proposed to cut down that service over $900,000, and why? The members of the committee had given no reason for it. The charge had been frothy and bloody and replete with open and general denunciations of the postmaster general and his subordinates, but they had not placed their fingers upon a single fraud. He challenged them to point to a single substantial reason why the bill should be adopted in its present shape.

Blount's substitute was agreed to—yeas 153, nays not counted.

Blount then moved to amend the bill by striking out the appropriation of $100,000 to increase the service on existing routes.

Cannon, in advocating the amendment, said that, in his opinion, the expenditure which was now being made on star routes was not wise. As a representative he expressed that opinion boldly and fearlessly. In politics he was a republican, yet he stood on all questions of expenditure of money in his character and freedom as a representative, and could be forced by no cracking of the party whip in the hands of the gentleman from California (Page).

Calkins said that the committee had made an attack upon the star service in only two states and the territories, and had carried off their scalps.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report for the week ending Wednesday, Feb. 25, 1880:

Highest barometer 30.329 on Friday, lowest barometer, 29.924 on Thursday.

Highest temperature 52 on Wednesday, lowest temperature 29 on Friday.

Prevailing direction of the wind, north and northwest.

Prevailing state of the weather, four days clear, three days cloudy.

Total rainfall, .38 inches.

A Forced Nomination.

[From the Hartford Post.]

The nomination at Chicago will count for nothing unless it commands the acquiescence and hearty support of the republican party. A nomination forced upon the convention by management, against the better judgment of a large section of the party, would be the worst thing that could happen.

Will Smash the Machine.

[From the N. Y. Evening Mail.]

One hundred thousand republican voters in this state will vindicate their independence and manhood in some effectual way, will "smash the machine," as the first condition of purifying the party and making it fit to live, and will begin to reorganize from the bottom up.

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Deposit in Oregon............$10[illegible]
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June 6, 1879.

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The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING FEB 1880

THE COMMITTEE SUSTAINED

The decision of the supreme court in the case of Crossen [illegible] sheriff of Wasco county against Earhart secretary of state establishes in favor of the state a construction of law over which there never was any real ground for dispute, but which as interpreted by the Grover-Chadwick administration cost the state very large sums of money. This was among the abuses of the robber administration brought to the surface by the committee of investigation appointed by the legislative assembly at the last session. In addition to legal fees charged for conveying prisoners to the penitentiary sheriffs were allowed mileage for themselves and per diem for prisoners on which account there was illegally paid the sum of $14 993 90 and at the time the committee reported a further estimated sum was claimed by sheriffs on the same account amounting to $5009. Secretary Chadwick not only allowed all claims of this kind, but is known in some cases to have increased the amounts of sheriffs claims and informed sheriffs that they were entitled to the increased amounts. Secretary Earhart decided that this was an illegal and unauthorized method of computing the fees and this proceeding taken by the sheriff of Wasco was in the nature of a test case to settle the question. The decision carries with it final settlement of the additional question as to payments on the account for conveying insane patients to the asylum. It was found by the committee of investigation that illegal payments by the last administration on this account amounted to $19 176 16. For arresting and returning fugitives from justice there were further illegal payments amounting to $3271 86. Total illegal payments on these accounts were $37 881 92. Perhaps it would seem to a prodigal administration like that of Grover and Chadwick under which the state was run into debt more than half a million dollars, that this was an insignificant sum. But there are few others who consider it a mere bagatelle. The sheriffs and others to whom these amounts were illegally paid are now liable to action on the part of the state for recovery of the money. The report of the committee of investigation shows in detail, to whom the sums were illegally paid and the exact amounts. For one trip the bill of the sheriff of Baker county was $1912. A single bill of the sheriff of Jackson foots up $522 50. The same sheriff received $396 75 for conveying an insane person to the asylum. By the decision of the supreme court the charge made by the committee, namely, that the state had been defrauded out of great sums by these methods is now judicially established. Governor Grover and Secretary Chadwick so the committee declared, aided these schemes of plunder in a direct manner. Here are instances: "May was arrested for defrauding the state. But a greater fraud was perpetrated on the taxpayers by his self-righteous accusers in allowing unjust and illegal charges for his arrest and return considering the amounts involved and the opportunities of each. To give additional verity to this claim (the heavy fraudulent claim for returning him to Oregon for trial) Gov Grover gratuitously made himself a party to the fraud by attaching to it his certificate an act nowise connected with his duty as governor. And again "It appears to the minds of the committee that the office of the secretary of state, instead of being a check on the raids of these parties on the treasury, was used to aid this robbery, as many of the illegal bills are in the handwriting of the assistant secretary of state." The judgment of the court vindicates this committee and places another brand on the already deeply cicatrized front of the late administration.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT

The custom of a part of our American press to sneer at the administrations of English government, and to represent the British people as monarch-ridden, is a custom which is founded either on gross ignorance or willful misrepresentation. England is in every thing, except the name, as much a republic as the United States, and in some respects its institutions approach nearer to the real spirit and letter of republicanism than those of our own country. It is true that its government is presided over by a crowned sovereign who is supported by an hereditary house of peers. It is also true that all acts of parliament require to receive the royal assent before they can become a law. But on the other hand, the monarch is powerless to create any law, and the house of lords cannot levy a single tax or vote the expenditure of one penny of the public treasure. The house of parliament is a term which embraces both the lords and commons, but more generally by "parliament" the "house of commons" is understood. The actual government of England is vested in the commons who are the representatives of the people elected by popular vote. The commons make the laws control the national finances and administer both the home and foreign affairs of the nation. Their powers are creative and administrative. The powers of the house of lords so far as the general business of the country is concerned, are those of affirmation and negation.

Should the crown or the lords come into collision with the commons by negativing the acts of the lower house the commons have power to cut off all supplies and bring both the crown and the lords to submission. Such a collision has not occurred for many decades, but there are a number of instances on record in which the representatives of the people have in this manner triumphed over both the sovereign and the upper house. The house of commons has two great divisions formerly known as whigs and tories now as liberals and conservatives. The former are the representatives of advanced liberal thought, the latter of vested interests. The one acts as a check upon the other. The ministers of the day are chosen from the party which is strongest, the leader of the party being asked by the crown to form a ministry, hence the ministry of the day are always either all liberals or all conservatives. At the present time the conservatives are in power but their tenure of office is only from day to day. Should they bring forward an important measure and the commons vote it down usage requires that the ministry should resign. Or should the liberals find that the feeling of the country is opposed to the policy of the existing government they would at once move a vote of want of confidence, and if a majority of the commons sustained their vote the conservative ministry would be obliged to retire and the liberals would go into power. By this means the will of the people acts directly and almost instantaneously in the government of the nation. Changes of government have a scarcely perceptible effect on the business of the country as the retirement of the ministry does not result in any change in the public service other than that of the ministers. The incumbents of the offices in the various departments remain irrespective of their political opinions. But they may not take active part in political campaigns.

There is no doubt that the direct and immediate action of the national will on the government of the country is the great safeguard of [illegible] the [illegible] honor for which the English government is everywhere accredited. No member of the English parliament other than the ministers receive any salary. The honor of the station is esteemed sufficient reward for the time and service rendered.

A new definition must be applied to the word aristocrat as it is used. It signifies now a man who detests cant, humbug and demagogy, a man who having been bred to labor and knowing exactly what it is holds that labor is neither an evil nor a hardship and therefore that he who must work has no right to profess to be of all men the most miserable; a man who takes common sense about the affairs of life and believes no one has a right to anything unless he secures it by rendering proper equivalent; a man who tells people who are dissatisfied with the present order of things or envious of the fortune which others have fairly earned and whine about their own condition—a condition which is nearly always the result of idleness or some form of extravagance—that they are looking for resources where none are to be found; a man who insists that the foundations of all success must be laid in intelligent and persevering industry aided by prudence economy and sobriety; a man who works himself and always did, depends on his daily labor for his daily bread and plainly tells others that they had better be doing the same thing than to be spending their time in querulous babblings—such a man by the modern definition is among the most odious of aristocrats. Doubtless he would be regarded as a benefactor of his kind if he would start a labor organization composed of the class whose industry in labor is always in inverse ratio to noise they make about the rights of labor. Or perhaps it would do to start a rank shop newspaper and uphold the rights of the community by forcing tribute from political parties and politicians and levying black mail upon the public.

The third term issue says the Philadelphia *Press* widely and deeply divides the people. And the men who have a belief that there is no exigency to justify a great departure from a fundamental point of creed and that the people cannot be held to a nomination which involves this departure propose to continue this fight as they would for any other valuable principle of government. For our part we object to the restoration proposed. The masses of our people are opposed to it. The men whose votes carry elections resent the suggestion. It is dangerous to attempt it. There is yet time to ward off this danger. In Pennsylvania there is not a respectable percentage of the republican voters who prefer Grant's nomination. But an unscrupulous machine has decorated him with its indorsement. That indorsement is made an argument for like indorsement in other states—this movement being a combination of politicians who being unable to nominate one of themselves, and being more or less unfriendly to the other chief aspirants cling to Grant as their only means of maintaining their hold on power."

Comments of the press on the efforts of the third term jugglers to make the republican party a Grant party as reported by telegraph to-day, show a spirit of opposition which indicates how perilous it will be to push the project. The republican party is not a one man party and cannot be made such. But Grant is not nominated yet, nor will he be. Though the machine has done its work in Pennsylvania and New York the solid delegations of those states cannot be carried for Grant. And other states will now begin to be heard from. Indiana has reported already.

England has taken Herat away from Afghanistan and given it to Persia as a reward to the latter for her assistance in the struggle with the Afghans. It is the westerly key of Afghanistan and affords the only approach to Western India. It has long been viewed as an outpost of the British empire of the east against the encroachments of Russia. A railroad is to be built by England from Teheran, the capital of Persia southward to the Persian gulf which will be wholly on Persian territory and will open communication to within seventy miles of the Caspian sea.

George Sykes, brevet major general and colonel of the twentieth infantry died at Brownsville Texas on the 9th February. He participated in the Mexican war and when the rebellion broke out was given command first of a brigade, then of a division and finally of a corps. He was present at the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville and commanded the fifth corps at the battle of Gettysburg.

Mr Tilden is reported as expressing himself with great confidence that if the Cameron Conkling plan should prevail at Chicago he could carry New York by 50 000 majority.

DIED

In this city Feb. 25th Joseph J [illegible] beloved husband of Mary Lawless, aged 24 years 11 months. Funeral will take place to-day at 1 30 P M from residence No 227 Harrison street. Albany (N Y) papers please copy.

NEW TO-DAY.

SHAWLS SQUARE, LONG BROCHE Cashmere and Scotch plaid shawls at cost at OLDS & KING 147 First street.

The Danish society of Portland meets Sunday night at 7½ o'clock at the Scandinavian Society's Room N E cor Front and Washington streets. f27d2t THE COMMITTEE.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
HOTEL COOK FOR THE COUNTRY. ALSO farm hand one who is a good teamster wages $1 per day steady work. Apply to MRS C [illegible] Employment Agent 133 Morrison street opposite school. 11

FOR RENT.
STORE IN CENTENNIAL BLOCK FORMERLY occupied as Drug Store. Inquire of William Beck & Son cor Front and Alder sts. f27d3tned

DISSOLUTION.
THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between D Ellerton and M S Hart has been dissolved by mutual consent. D ELLERTON. Portland Feb 1 1880 f7dnt

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
A DWELLING HOUSE CONTAINING EIGHT rooms bath room and all the modern improvements situated in the [illegible] part of the city is for rent and the carpets furniture etc for sale at a bargain. For particulars address I O Drawer No 79

Special Auction Sale OF Household Furniture

We will sell on the premises
Northeast Corner Seventh and A Streets
ON MONDAY MARCH 1st
At 10 o clock A M
The Entire Furniture, etc of Residence
comprising
Carpets Parlor Suits Marble top [illegible] Tables Bedroom [illegible] Spring and Top Mattresses [illegible] Glassware [illegible] Dining Room Furniture etc
ALSO
Range and Kitchen Furniture

ELECTRIC LIGHT COAL OIL!

Guaranteed Superior to Any Other in the Market.
HIGH TEST PERFECTLY SAFE AND
FULL WEIGHT,
35 lbs to the can
For sale in lots to suit at less price than any other oil of equal quality.
j23dtf ned HODGE DAVIS & CO

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW MARKET THEATER
JOHN MA[illegible] MANAGER
Last Night but One of the
BENEFIT
Of the Accomplished Actor
MR. BARTON HILL
Supported by
MR GEO D CHAPLIN
Who will appear
THIS EVENING FRIDAY FEB 27th
In Sardou's Famous Play
The Two Orphans!
GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY 2 P M
THE MARBLE HEART
Saturday Evening
THE STREETS OF NEW YORK
Seats can be secured for any performance in advance at B[illegible]mauer's New Drug Store corner First and Stark streets.

NEW MARKET THEATER.
ESTHER!
By General Request this Cantata will be Repeated
SUNDAY EVENING, FEB 29, AT 8 O'CLK.
Reserved Seats, $1 00.
Box Sheet at the music store of Albert Bartsch First street after 10 A M Friday Feb [illegible]

CAHALIN
Invites his friends and the public generally to call at his
NEW STAND,
Opposite Union Block,
Where he will be pleased to show his
Large and Increased Stock
OF
BOOTS AND SHOES
BOOTS SHOES
RECOLLECT, NO 93 FIRST ST.

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line
FOR PORTLAND OREGON
THE A1 FIRST CLASS CLIPPER SHIP

Ringleader
Will be dispatched
FROM NEW YORK FOR PORTLAND,
Direct about the 1st of April.
As the balance of disengaged room is limited shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.
SUTTON & CO 82 South St. New York
ALLEN & LEWIS Agents Portland O f2'dapl

TO CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.
WE OFFER
ATLANTIC WHITE LEAD,
PIONEER WHITE LEAD,
GENUINE COLORS IN OIL,
BRUSHES OF STANDARD BRAND,
VALENTINE'S VARNISHES,
NOBLE & HOARE'S VARNISHES,
CHEAPER VARNISHES,
And all other articles of PAINT STOCK at prices that cannot be beaten. Having an immense stock, bought in anticipation of the advance, we are prepared to offer superior inducements to prompt customers.
In WINDOW GLASS we have all sizes and qualities, and will fill orders and gives estimates at any time.
No one need go beyond us for anything in the above lines on account of either quality or price.
HODGE, DAVIS & CO.
f10dtf ned

FERRY & WHITE,
Real Estate and Insurance
BROKERS,
Agents Home Fire Insurance Company of New York,
AND
Travelers' Life and Accident Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn
f25dtf

MACNEALE & URBAN SAFES.
DuBOIS & KING,
Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory
113 and 114 Front St Portland, Oregon

BUFFALO SCALES AND TRUCKS,
Tucker's Alarm Tills
117 R N WILLIAMS Traveling Agent

GEO. L HIBBARD & CO.,
65 Front St,
Sole Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory for
Detroit Safe Company's Safes,
ALSO
WOONSOCKET RUBBER CO
Goodyear's Metallic Rubber Shoe Co

REMOVAL.
JOHN TAYLOR & CO.,
Importers of
Assayers' Materials, Mine and Mill Supplies, Druggists' Glassware and Sundries,
Removed to 138 and 140 Market St [illegible] San Francisco Cal on January 1st [illegible]

WANTED
BY
RUMMELIN & GUITMAN
[illegible]
Raw Furs at Highest Market Prices

Good News for Housekeepers.
Potrero Compressed Yeast
Fresh by every steamer at the Liquor and Bitters Beer Depot corner of A and F[illegible]
J NAC HEIMAN

DRESSMAKING.
MRS [illegible] BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the ladies of Portland that she has taken rooms over Olds & King's [illegible] best fitters in the city [illegible]
Dressmaking in all its Branches
in the best and most fashionable manner. f1dtf

DRY GOODS MILLINERY ETC

THE
DRY GOODS HOUSE
OF
M W Henderson & Co.
WILL CLOSE
This Wednesday, Feb 25th,
For the purpose of
TAKING INVENTORY,
In order to transfer their stock to their successors
S. LIPMAN & CO.,
Who will
REOPEN THE STORE, COR WASHINGTON AND FIRST STS.,
ON MONDAY, MARCH 1st.,
With a Complete and New Assortment of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, just received per steamer State of California and en route from New York.
Look Out for New Advertisement on Opening Day.
f26dtf

OPEN LETTER.

ST CHARLES HOTEL PORTLAND Jan 22.
Messrs COMSTOCK & PFLUGER—
Gentlemen After thoroughly examining your stock I have decided to offer you fifty cents on the dollar of the wholesale cost for that portion of your stock appertaining to gentlemen's outfitting.
Yours respectfully D WILSON

REPLY.
PORTLAND Jan 23 1880
MR. D WILSON—
Dear Sir We cannot accept your offer of 50 cts on the dollar, but will sell all goods appertaining to gents outfitting, together with what ladies and children's shoes we have on hand for —— thousand dollars—equal to about 56 cents on the dollar.
Yours respectfully COMSTOCK & PFLUGER

This stock, consisting of nearly $10,000 worth of
MEN'S AND BOYS'
CLOTHING,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS & CAPS,
Boots & Shoes,
Together with a fair stock of
LADIES & CHILDREN'S SHOES & RUBBERS
Was purchased at above rates, and is now offered,
FOR CASH ONLY,
FOR
THIRTY DAYS,
At prices ranging from
Wholesale Cost down to 50 per cent of Wholesale Cost.
A Remarkable Opportunity to Secure
BARGAINS,
As everything is exactly as represented.
Don't mistake the Place. The south half of Comstock & Pfluger's store, Centennial Block, Second St., Portland, Oregon. Call early.
Yours, respectfully,
D. WILSON.

GREAT SALE!
THE ASSIGNEE FOR
COMSTOCK & PFLUGER,
In order to pay the indebtedness of said firm, will sell
The Entire Stock for the Next Thirty Days at
20 per ct. Less than Cost
All those who have the CASH to pay for goods can find
BETTER BARGAINS
IN
DRY GOODS
AT
Comstock & Pfluger's
Than have been offered before for Years in this city
Remember all goods must be closed out in thirty days from this date.
THE MIDDLE STORE
In Centennial Block 169 and 171 Second St bet Morrison and Yamhill

SPRING STYLES
IN
MILLINERY.
A large invoice of Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets,
The styles for Spring in [illegible] and the Straws and Braids. Also SCHOOL HATS just received by
S. LEECH,
111 First St Dekum's Building f26tf

[illegible]'S
PURE BOILED LINSEED OIL
[illegible]
PURE WHITE LEAD
WINDOW GLASS BRUSHES VARNISHES,
RAYNOLDS & CO'S COLORS ETC
DOORS,
Windows and Blinds
COGGINS & BEACH,
103 FRONT STREET PORTLAND
General agency of the AVERILL Mixed Paint the cheapest and best

LAND PLASTER
For sale in lots to suit by
EVERDING & FARRELL
PORTLAND OR

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

FIFTY THIRD SEMI ANNUAL STATEMENT
[illegible] January 1880

CASH CAPITAL	$3 000 000 00
Reserve for Re-Insurance	1 841 138 00
Reserve for Unpaid Losses	218 761 81
Net Surplus	1 420 785 30
CASH ASSETS	$6 110 088 11

SUMMARY OF ASSETS
Held in the United States [illegible] FIRE INSURANCE [illegible]

Cash in Banks	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	181 [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Bank Stocks	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	1 [illegible] 4 87
[illegible]	[illegible]
Real Estate	[illegible]
[illegible] New York [illegible]	[illegible]
Total	[illegible] 11

PACIFIC BRANCH OFFICE [illegible] CALIFORNIA STREET SAN FRANCISCO
FERRY & WHITE Agents Portland
ARTHUR E MA ILL [illegible] Agent [illegible] CHAS L DIMON Special Agent

ORO [illegible]

TRY OUR
CAFE ESPECIALE
OR
FRENCH BREAKFAST
COFFEE!
Which stand unequaled for Purity, Richness of Flavor and Delicate Aroma
WE MAKE COFFEES A SPECIALTY, entrust their manipulation only to a master hand, use the most improved machinery, and guarantee our goods.
Our new Hyde Roaster enables us to fill all orders for ROASTED Coffee and with our No 20 Enterprise Mill we can grind and pack on short notice any quantity desired.

O. F. SITES & CO.
RED FRONT GROCERY HOUSE,
167 FIRST ST
Between Morrison and Yamhill
We roast grind or pack to order for either Families Hotels Restaurants or the trade.

R WEEKS A. H. MORGAN
WEEKS & MORGAN
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERY, PROVISION AND FEED STORE,
249 and 251 Front Street, bet Main and Madison

J. O'CONNOR,
Dealer in
Groceries & Produce
SHIP STORES,
Garden and Grass Seeds, Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
Has reopened at the old stand,
Corner of Front and Washington streets,
And will be glad to see all his old customers and the public generally.

LIVERY AND HACK STABLES.

CITY STABLES
AND
Carriage Repository
(Formerly Acker's)
Of Holcomb Bros & Co.,
Importers Manufacturers and Dealers in all Kinds OF
BUGGIES CARRIAGES
PHAETONS HACKS, HARNESS Etc.
From the Manufactories of Hooker & Co and Brewster & Caffrey
A full line of the above goods always on hand and for sale at
The City Stables, 106 Second Street
Where we shall keep on Livery and for Sale fine Driving, Saddle and Work Horses,
Together with the Most Stylish and Best Riding Vehicles of all kind
Particular attention paid to boarding horses.
G W. LEDDY, Manager

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY
GENERAL
Forwarding & Commission
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE FORWARDED AND Delivered with Dispatch. Pianos and Furniture moved
ORDERS FOR HACKS PROMPTLY ATTENDED to Day or Night.
Office—S W Cor Second and Stark Sts Mark Care of O T Co

CORBETT'S

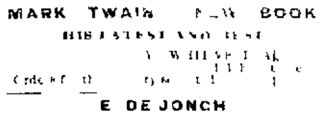
Livery, Hack & Feed Stable
SECOND AND TAYLOR STS
Reasonable Charges for Hire and Boarding. Hack Orders Promptly Attended to Day or Night.
WOODWARD & MAGOON, Propr's

J CARROLL C B HUBBELL
DEXTER STABLE,
COR SECOND AND WASHINGTON STS
LIVERY FEED AND SALE STABLE. RATES reasonable [illegible] Company [illegible] livery of [illegible] part of the city [illegible] railroads [illegible]
Telephone [illegible]
CARR[illegible]

NEW
C. B. DUPEE HAMS!
UNCOVERED
Bright and Attractive
Juicy and Delicious
Celebrated for their Round Close Cut and Acknowledged Unequaled
Being with [illegible]
The original [illegible] DUPEE [illegible]
For sale to the trade
WADHAMS & ELLIOTT [illegible]
Or BR[illegible]HAM W[illegible]

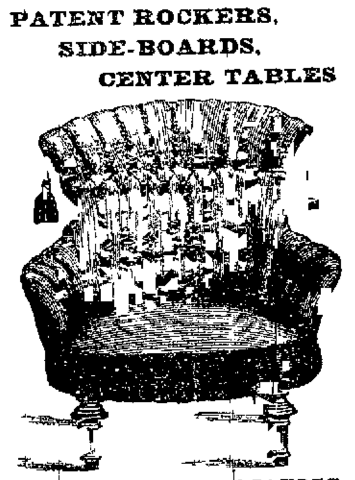
A TRAMP ABROAD.
MARK TWAIN'S NEW BOOK
HIS LATEST AND BEST
[illegible] WHITNEY [illegible]

E DE JONCH
OCULIST AND OPTICIAN



153 FIRST ST
ROOM 22— [illegible]

NEW STYLES
OF
PATENT ROCKERS,
SIDE-BOARDS,
CENTER TABLES



SHINDLER & CHADBOURNE,
First and Front Sts., near Morrison

FINANCIAL.

$750 TO LOAN,
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY. APPLY TO FERRY & WHITE Real Estate agents 130 First street. f26d3t

$1,500 TO LOAN.
FOR LONG TIME, ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY. FERRY & WHITE, Real Estate & Insurance Brokers 130 First street. f24d3t

MONEY TO LOAN
SECURED BY
REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES
Payable Within This State
IN
Sums of $500 to $30,000
Farm Lands or Portland City Property.
Apply to
WILLIAM REID,
48 First street, Portland, Oregon.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Established 1863
DR. WM. KOEHLER,
DENTIST.
Has opened his New Dental Rooms corner of First and Main streets Schade's Brick Building over Dr Plummer's Drug Store. f2dtf

J A CHAPMAN M D J T WELLS M D
CHAPMAN & WELLS,
Physicians and Surgeons.
Office COR. FIRST AND ALDER STS
(Strowbridge's Building)
Special attention to all branches of Surgery.
DR CHAPMAN'S office hours from 10 to 12 A M 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P M. DR. WELLS office hours from 9 to 11 A M 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 P M

R. ARNOLD, M. D.,
Homoeopathic Physician.
N E cor Sixth and Montgomery sts.
N W Telephone in the office. j22

DR. M PIETRZYCKI,
General Practitioner in Medicine and Surgery,
Formerly Physician of the German Hospital S F
Office & Residence S W corner Third and Market.

A STRONG RECORD FOR
DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDER.

WE THE UNDERSIGNED MERCHANTS AND Jobbers have bought and sold in large quantities DONNOLLY'S CALIFORNIA PREMIUM YEAST POWDER for the last twenty years, and can say with truth that no other Yeast Powder has given more general satisfaction both in the Trade and Consumers. We have used DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDER in our families and can testify to its wholesomeness and merit.

CASTLE BROS	TILLMAN & BENDEL
ALBERT MAU & CO	ROUNTREE & McLURE
M & C MANGELS	M EHRMAN & CO
JONES & CO	BAAS BROS
W W DODGE & CO	JABER HARKER & CO
ROOT & SANDERSON	ECKERS & CO
THOMAS JENNINGS	BIGLEY BROS
KRUSE & EULER	WELLMAN PECK & CO
Sacramento	
ADAMS McNEILL & CO	HALL LUHRS & CO
MEBIUS & CO	G W CHESLEY
P B [illegible]	
Portland	
ALLEN & LEWIS	WADHAMS & ELLIOTT
CORBITT & MACLEAY	
Stockton	
R B PARKER & CO	P MUSTO
Walla Walla and Seattle	
CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON	SCHWABACHER BROS

The above testimony from the leading merchants and Jobbers both of California and Oregon shows how DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDER is appreciated by the trade and consumers.

DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDER
THE OLD AND RELIABLE BRAND
DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDER has been a household word with every family on the coast for the last twenty five years. Always ask for DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDER AND TAKE NO OTHER BRAND.

D. CALLAGHAN & CO.,
SOLE MANUFACTURERS
119 and 121 Front St San Francisco
f6d1 p wlt

ROBBINS & YATES,
249 FIRST STREET
Large and New Stock of
PICTURE FRAMES,
in many entirely new and elegant patterns all sizes at very low [illegible]
Engravings, Oil Paintings,
CHROMOS
[illegible]
Brackets,
Music Stands,
Card Tables,
Easels
VELVET FRAMES
A large line—most attractive Parlor Ornaments
We invite attention to our stock of
WHITNEY & HOLMES ORGANS,
DECKER BROS. PIANOS
And General Musical Merchandise

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

[illegible] N GILMAN M ROCKER
GILMAN & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission
MERCHANTS
No 43 First Street bet Pine and Ash
Auction Sales of Real Estate Furniture, General Merchandise Horses Cattle Buggies, &c
Regular Sale Days—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o clock A M

Regular Auction Sale
We will sell at our Auction Salesroom
FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1880,
At 10 o clock A M
Elegant Walnut Furniture!
Two Elegant Walnut Bedroom Sets complete
175 yds. Brussels Carpets.
ALSO
ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE!
Of Every Description
ALSO
Cook Stoves and Kitchen Furniture.
ALSO
Spring and Top Mattresses.
ALSO
MERCHANDISE
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
We will sell on the premises
At Metzger's Glue Factory, 213½ Front St., bet. Salmon and Taylor,
By order of the creditors of D Metzger Esq
ON SATURDAY FEB 28 AT 10 A M,
100 gal (more or less) Neat's Foot Oil
1800 lbs Glue.
ALSO
Fish Oil Curled Hair, Tails, etc, etc
Terms Cash
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

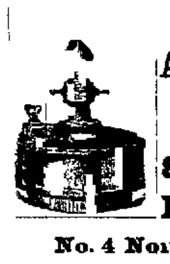
"Linn County Mills"
BAKER'S EXTRA
XXXX FLOUR!
Manufactured by BALLARD, ISOM & CO Albany
WARRANTED to give satisfaction for
FAMILY USE.
GIBSON, CHURCH & CO.,
AGENTS
Cor. Front and Ash Sts, Portland, Or.
f17dtf

SALEM FLOURING MILLS CO.,
Manufacturers and Exporters of
FLOUR AND WHEAT.
Constantly on hand,
SALEM BAKERS EXTRA,
FAMILY AND SUPERFINE FLOUR,
BRAN SHORTS AND MIDDLINGS.
A. W. KINNEY, Agent,
BRANCH OFFICE
12 North Front St., Portland Oregon
d6dtf

J. DILL DuBOIS. W. B. KING.
DuBOIS & KING,
Wholesale Grocers,
Shipping and Commission
MERCHANTS.
112 AND 114 FRONT ST., PORTLAND,
416 BATTERY ST SAN FRANCISCO
Special attention given to the sale of Wool Grain, Flour and Produce in Portland and San Francisco.

D. J. MALARKEY & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
Wholesale Dealers in
Grain, Flour, Feed and Provisions.
Receive daily from the leading producers and manufacturers Butter, Eggs, Cheese, etc.
Agent for Union Mills Snowflake Brand Flour
Advances made on approved shipments of Hides, Hops, Wool Grain etc.
No. 10 and 12 Front St.

JAMES H. KOONTZ,
Umatilla, Oregon,
FORWARDING & COMMISSION
MERCHANT.
RATES REDUCED.
A large FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE for storage.
Also dealer in
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
Hardware and
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
(Established in 1873.)
Mark Goods care J H K, U
f 32p JAMES H. KOONTZ.



Allis & Black
FLOUR
AND
SAW MILL
Furnishers,
No. 4 North Front st.
Portable Flour and Saw-Mills, Mill Stones, Water Wheels, Smutters, Separators, Brush Machines, Mill Picks, Belting, and General Flour and Saw Mill Furnishings, constantly on hand. Of Bolting Cloth we now have the largest and finest stock on the coast. Send for catalogue and 1880 price list P. O. Box 528.

WOOL TWINE,
SORBY, BURGON & BALL,
AND WARD & PAYNE'S
SHEEP SHEARS
In quantities to suit.
FOSTER & ROBERTSON,
Cor. Front and Stark Streets, Portland.

NATIVEL
PAT'NT CHIMNEY
Is Safer and has a Better Draft than any [illegible]
PERFECTLY FIRE PROOF
BAYER & STAUCH,
METAL ROOFERS,
Sole Owners for State of Oregon
233 Second St f4d1m

AUCTION AND COMM

OSCAR KILBOU
AUCTIONEER
84 First St next cor Pine, P
will purchase and sell at auction
Real Estate Merchandise,
Furniture, Horses Buggies,
In the City or Country.

AUCTION AND COMM

NATHAN & DWI
Successors to Oscar Kil
Auction and Com
MERCHANT
Corner First and Pine
REGULAR SALE DAY
WEDNESDAYS AND SAT
WILL PURCHASE AND SELL Merchandise and Furniture, Buggies Wagons Harness and

MEETING NOTIC

I O O F Notice.—The office of Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I requested to meet at the Temple ing Feb [illegible] Object a fraternal Lodge No 1 I O O F Time By order of N G f26d2t Attest

Court Mt Hood 6180 A. day evenings at their hall. Visiting

PRIVATE BOARD

A FEW SELECT FURNISHED or without board for single and wife may be had by calling Third st. between Pine and Ash f4dtf MRS S A WOODARD

WANTS.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED a front room in a private James Postoffice

WANTED—A [illegible] invest $1 000 in a permanent paying business in Portland. this office

WANTED
50 EXPERIENCED TIE MAKERS Blankets no others need and Mule Teams for Hauling Ox Teams for Logging. Write SON & DENT Collins Landing W T

TO LET.

FOR RENT
WINDOW AND DESK ROOM money broker Apply to Real Estate Agent

NICE COMFORTABLE FUR for Families and Gentlemen Lodging House situated rison streets no disreputable about the premises

TO RENT—BRICK STORE and Second Sts. For SIMON on Salmon St., bet.

TO LET ON LEASE OF No. 167 Third street. the entire building for $75 per ous mercantile business store by the owner. Inquire & KING, 147 Third St., at f18dtf

TO RENT
A LARGE, FURNISHED in a private family. f12

FOR RENT—FURNISHED
NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS ble for gentleman and wife man with use of bath have board if desired 121

FROM [illegible]
THAT STORE OPPOSITE Hotel and the new hotel struction, on corner Morrison rent Apply to E. Martin

SAVINGS BANK
TO RENT TWO OFFICES story separate rooms month. Apply at the Bank

TO LET—COMFORTABLY to let at No 81 Fourth

TO LET
A LARGE NEW DWELLING st. Inquire of the under Olds & King at 9½ A. M., 5

FOR SA

BUSINESS FOR
THE STOCK AND FIXTU Furnishing and Fancy established and doing a paying is the only reason for selling P. O., Portland

FOR SALE
THE FERRY-BOAT KATIE across the river from foot of engines, boilers and machinery particulars inquire on ferry-boat f26dtf

FOR SALE
A GOOD PAYING BUSINESS choice city property quire at No. 40, Washington

FOR SALE
EIGHTY FIVE ACRES OF land, 1 and 1½ miles Village, price $30 per acre address D G ROGERS, Po

FOR SALE
2260 ACRES FARMING for sale, $1 50 per road; living spring, good 800 head of graded sheep and lowest price, ½ cash the rest Inquire of W W PIPER, Fo

FOR SALE
RESTAURANT AND 12 will be sold cheap a rare business for further Emond House corner second

BRICK FOR
THOSE INTENDING BUILD it to their interest to call fore purchasing Brick at any

FOR SA
THE MACHINERY LATE "McCully" Apply to 122½ Front street

Flour Mills and Farm a Bargain for T
THE UNDERSIGNED, WISH solving their present bus for sale both of their Three 160 acres of Land. The mill on the switch of the O. & C. county, contains three run timbers in and designed neatest and best arranged Aumsville Mill is four miles proposed line of O C & P Road ity for getting wheat has necessary machinery and the house in the state with 12 acres house, barns &c. Both mills abundance of water all the situated close to Aumsville barns &c One hundred acres Mill creek runs through part desirable place for dairying The whole or any one parcel together and if not sold be March, will be offered at public on that day at Turner 17th day of March if you cheapest mill in the State shall be sold prior to the day will be given Any particulars dressing M COCKERLIN & CO

SPECIAL NOT

NOTICE.
FROM AND AFTER DATE the OREGON BRANCH FIRE INS CO will be located COTTLE POST & CO, east side tween Morrison and Alder

NOTICE.
I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY good will in the business of & Davison to Mr Geo W Dent Portland Feb 24 1880

DISSOLUTION
THE FIRM OF ALGEO & this day been dissolved Mr Wm J Algeo having sold Geo W Dent and the firm will as Davison & Dent who will and pay all bills of the late
Portland Feb 24 1880

DISSOLUTION
THE PARTNERSHIP WHICH tofore existed between E Giltner under the firm name has this day been dissolved by All claims against the late by E D White at the office of First street

REMOVAL
I HAVE THIS DAY THE 18TH removed my tools Union Carriage Factory, where I am prepared to do general Jobbing far superior to city and I will be pleased to tomers again f21

NOTICE.
ALL UNPAID ACCOUNTS firm of Dyer & Roemer tracted prior to Feb 1st 1880 Thompson DeHart & Co. Portland Feb 13 1880

B F DOWELL
WILL BE IN WASHINGTON the last April 1880, to the citizens of Congress. Any [illegible]

2
[illegible] ED D'[illegible] Book [illegible] legal [illegible] sale all [illegible] stock by [illegible] 5 Washington St. [illegible] Estate Blanks will [illegible] bottom of the [illegible] skies His [illegible] is a couple so fast that nothing [illegible] divorce lawyer can separate [illegible] come down to Justices, Circuit [illegible] his blanks can't be beat. All [illegible] thoroughly and scientifically [illegible] of Portland's most brilliant lawyers [illegible] hopes to merit a respectable share [illegible] ronage on account thereof. [illegible] attention will be given to all [illegible] and bookbinding

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NC COMMISSION

KIT BOURN,

TIONEER.

P.O. Box

Merchandise, Stocks,

Buggies, Etc., Etc.

City or Country.

ND COMMISSION.

N & DWIGHT

and Commission

RCHANTS,

and Pine Streets.

AR SALE DAYS,

YS AND SATURDAYS.

AND SELL REAL ESTATE

and Furniture. Carriages

Horses a specialty.

NG NOTICES.

The officers and members

the Temple on Friday

a fraternal visit to

Time, 7 o'clock sharp.

Attest H. S. ALLEN,

Visiting brothers invited.

TE BOARDING.

FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH

for single gentlemen or

by calling at the residence

Pine and Ash

A. WOODARD Proprietor.

WANTED.

MIDDLE AGED GENTLEMAN

in a private family. Address

ACTICAL MAN TO

a permanent and the best

Portland. Address H. W. B.

WANTED

TIE MAKER, WITH TEAM

need apply. Also

Hauling or Soaking Ties

Write or apply to DAVIS

Landing Skamania

TO LET.

OR RENT.

DESK ROOM SUITABLE

apply to FERRY & WHITE

TABLE FURNISHED ROOMS

and Gentlemen, in Central

corner Second and

disreputable characters allowed.

K STORE CORNER YAMHILL

For particulars apply

St., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

SE OF 5 OR 7 YEARS, STORE

Rent $50 per month

for $75 per month. A prosperous

has been conducted in

Inquire at the store of

at 10 A. M. or 1½ P. M.

JOHN WILSON.

TO RENT.

NISHED FRONT ROOM

Address N. B., this office.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

ROOMS TO LET, SUITABLE

and wife and single

bath, cold and hot water.

STORE TO LET.

OPPOSITE THE ST. CHARLES

new hotel, in process of

Morrison and Front sts.

Martin & Co., 121 Front st.

BANK BUILDING.

OFFICE ROOMS,

rooms. Rent $10 each

the Bank, 48 First St.

DERATELY FURNISHED ROOMS

Fourth street, cor. of Oak.

TO LET.

DWELLING, NO. 211 TWELFTH

JOHN WILSON.

FOR SALE.

FIXTURES OF A LADY

Fancy Goods Store,

a paying business.

selling. Address box

FOR SALE.

KATIE LADD,

foot of Oak street,

machinery, complete.

ferry-boat, foot of

KNOTT BROS.

FOR SALE.

BUSINESS AND

For particulars

Washington street.

FOR SALE.

ACRES OF GOOD FARMING

miles from North Yamhill

per acre. Terms reasonable.

Portland Oregon.

FOR SALE.

FARMING AND STOCK RANCH

per acre; 8 miles from

good house and barns,

the rest 10 per cent, interest

PIPER, Portland, Or.

FOR SALE.

AND 12 FURNISHED ROOMS

a rare chance to

information apply at

second and B sts.

FOR SALE.

BUILDING WILL BE

at 181 Front street

at any other place.

FOR SALE.

DATE IN THE STEAMER

apply to CLARK &

Farm Lands for Sale

for Thirty Days.

WITH A VIEW OF

in business connections

Three-Run Flour Mills

The Mill at Turner, Station

the O. & C. Railroad, in

three run of stone, with

designed for six run,

mill in the State.

four miles from Turner,

C. S. P. Road in a good

has three run of stone

and the best frame of

with 13 acres of land, dwelling

Both mills on Mill creek

all the time. The land

with dwelling

acres under cultivation

part of it making

dairying as well as agriculture

of one parcel sold separate

sold before the 17th day

at public auction at 11 a.

Turner. So remember

If you want the best

the State. And if sold

the day named, due

particulars can be had by

ERLIN & CO., Turner.

IAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

DATE THE OFFICE

BRANCH HAMBURG-BREMEN

will be located with

east side Front street,

Alder, Portland, Or.

NOTICE.

SOLD MY INTEREST

business of the firm of

W. Dent. WM. J. ALGEO.

1880.

DISSOLUTION.

ALGEO & DAVISON

dissolved by mutual consent

having sold his interest

the firm will hereafter be known

who will collect all accounts

the late firm.

THOS. G. DAVISON,

GEO. W. DENT.

1880.

NOTICE.

WHICH HAS HERETO

E. D. White and

firm name of White &

dissolved by mutual consent.

at the late firm will be settled

the office of Ferry & White,

REMOVAL.

THE 19TH DAY OF FEB

my tools and fixtures to

Salmon and Second

pleased to meet my old

L. M. DYER.

NOTICE.

ACCOUNTS DUE THE LATE

Roemer, blacksmith,

14 1880, are made payable to

L. M. DYER.

JOS. ROEMER.

F. DOWELL

WASHINGTON CITY, FROM

Any business entrusted

prompt attention.

DIFFERENT KINDS OF

for legal, commercial,

Matrimonial purposes

stock by Himes the Printer

Washington st., Portland.

Blanks will convey

of the earth to top of

His matrimonial blanks

that nothing short of a

And when

Circuit and County Court

be best. All of his blanks

scientifically constructed by

brilliant lawyers,

respectable share of public

Meanwhile

given to all orders for printing.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB 27, 1880

THE OREGONIAN office is now connected with both telephone systems. We will consider it a favor if persons in possession of items of news will communicate them. The office will be accessible until 1:30 A. M.

CITY.

OREGON BIBLE SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the Oregon Bible society will take place at 6:30 to-night at the Baptist church, corner of Fourth and Alder streets. Hon. J. N. Dolph will deliver the address. The public is cordially invited. On Sunday evening next three popular anniversary meetings will be held—one at the Taylor street M. E. church, one at the Unitarian and one at the Presbyterian. At the Methodist church Rev. J. H. Acton will preside and Rev. J. A. Cruzan will deliver the address. At the Unitarian church Rev. T. L. Eliot will preside and Hon. J. F. Caples deliver the address, and at the Presbyterian church Rev. A. L. Lindsley will preside and Prof. R. K. Warren will deliver the address.

NOT CONSOLIDATED.—A rumor has been current in some business circles for a few days past that the Northwestern Telephone and Electric Co. (controlling the Bell telephone) had sold out to, and consolidated with the old company. This is not the case. The Northwestern Co. has sold a controlling interest in its stock, and the following gentlemen have been elected directors: E. Quackenbush, John W. Brazee and D. W. Wakefield. Geo. W. Phelps, Jr. will continue as secretary and acting manager. The Northwestern Co. will extend its lines and put in the Bell telephones until the demand is filled and will keep up the messenger service as heretofore.

STILL AGROUND.—The R. R. Thompson which was sent to assist the *Mountain Queen* and barge Seaman off the sands at Mitchell's yesterday, could not get near the *Queen*, on account of prevailing strong wind and excessive roughness of the river. She continued down to the Upper Cascades, and her passengers and freight were transferred to the *S. G. Reed* and *Wallamet Chief*, both arriving here last evening. If the weather is not too rough, the passengers on the *Queen* will be taken off some time to-day by the *Thompson*, conveyed to the Dalles and brought down Saturday. The telegraph lines to the Dalles were down last night.

INNOCENT INCENDIARY.—Yesterday, while Councilman Weber and the city auditor were consulting in the latter's room, smoke was seen rising from a table situated near the front windows of the office, and, as the cover of the table was clear of everything except a [illegible] glass weight, it was readily discovered that the glass was concentrating the rays of the sun, which was shining on it so as to burn the oil cloth cover of [illegible]. All attendant circumstances were [illegible] incendiary attempt of a piece of [illegible] imagining that many a conflagration recorded as "cause unknown" has been started in a similar manner.

REPETITION OF ESTHER.—At the urgent solicitation of many of the public, the committee [illegible] to repeat the performance [illegible] at New Market Theater on [illegible] next, this being the only [illegible] which the theater can be secured. [illegible] persons of the orchestra [illegible] the general ensemble, will be [illegible] as on the first representation. The [illegible] sheet will be open to the public [illegible] music store this morning at 10 [illegible] the demand is great, we advise early application.

[illegible]—Wednesday afternoon the [illegible] passenger train, when near St. [illegible] ditched. While speeding along at [illegible] one of the bolts gave way causing, in less time than it requires to write, [illegible] to run off the track. The locomotive did not jump the track, nor the passenger coach, which brought up the rear of [illegible]. The engine was brought to a sudden stop, and after a short delay, the ditched [illegible] placed back on the track. No one was injured and the damage was slight.

HOODLUMISM.—Persons who reside in the vicinity of the bridge on South First street complain of hoodlumism in that portion of the city. Almost every night a crowd of [illegible] collect on the bridge and disturb residents by their carousals. The attention of the policemen who patrol that part of the city is called to these hoodlums. They should be suppressed.

A TRUE EXCUSE.—The *Astorian* says: The excuse that the mutineers on the *Ma[illegible]* offered for their conduct was that the vessel had not been towed far enough out. The brutes would have allowed the ship to drift ashore and probably gone to pieces, had it not been for the aid rendered to her as well by the *Thomas Corwin*.

[illegible].—L. Rosenthal, a farmer on the east side of the river, was arrested and brought before Justice Davis' court Thursday [illegible], charged with assaulting T. F. [illegible], a carpenter in his employ, with a bar of iron. He waived examination and was bound over in the sum of $250 to await the action of the grand jury.

[illegible].—The spreading of crushed rock on the macadam of North First street so as to bring the same up to grade, was commenced yesterday morning by street contractor [illegible]. This improvement extends from A to F street, and will cost $[illegible],000 50, according to the contract.

THE OREGON IRON WORKS.—In the U. S. district court yesterday the petition of the assignee of the Oregon Iron Works at Albina, to sell the real estate of the company free from liens, was allowed. The sale will be [illegible], and the property probably sold before June 1st.

FOR THE NORTH.—The *Alex. Duncan* is receiving freight at Pacific dock, and will sail to-morrow morning to Victoria and Puget Sound ports.

PERSONAL.

Capt. H. W. Fairweather, superintendent of the Walla Walla and Columbia River railroad, is in the city.

Mr. W. W. Sprague, of Ainsworth, is in the city and will remain for a few days.

Mr. P. Wasserman and wife, Mr. C. H. [illegible], Mr. J. A. Strowbridge, and Hon. H. F. Sukesdorf are passengers on the incoming steamer.

Capt. B. B. Tuttle has been summoned to San Francisco on business connected with the postal department, and will leave on the outgoing steamer.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

DEEDS.

E. L. [illegible] and wife to John W. Babbidge, February 24, 1880, lots 3 and 4, blk 223, East Portland—$[illegible].

William S. Ladd and wife to Ralph M. Dement, February 25, 1880, lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, blk 2, McMillen's add—$[illegible].

Masonic Cemetery Association to J. Harlow, May 25, 1878, lots 79 and 80, blk 4, Lone Fir Cemetery—$[illegible].

RELEASE IN PART.

Jas. J. Murphy and wife to H L Hersham, mort. dated April 19, 1879 releases lots 3 and 4, blk 223, East Portland.

NOTICE.—Just received at Franklin Bros. & Co., 125 First street, 50 doz. Nos. 5 and 6 kid gloves for 50c a pair. Every pair warranted. If tried on before us and they rip, we will give another pair free of charge. Call and see them.

It is a fact, that Steinway Pianos are in every respect *superior* to all others; every person of developed taste for good music will select them as *pearl out of shell*. Albert Gerlach, general agent for Oregon and Washington territory, 143 First st.

Parties wishing furnished or unfurnished rooms in any part of the city, see Haight & McLaughlin, 52 Morrison st.

For the very best photographs go to Frank G. Abell, 167 and 169 First street, Portland.

"Just Lovely"—is the way the girls speak of the leap year Caramels at S. L. Stone's.

Fancy mixed 40 cents, mixed candy 30 cents per pound at the Postoffice Store.

Happy woman is she who has taken her sewing machine to Barbey for repairs.

Mrs. Ach has removed to 231 First st, bet. Salmon and Main.

C. B. Dupee Hams are the finest.

AMUSEMENTS.

MR. HILL'S BENEFIT.—This evening Mr. Barton Hill, who, since his first appearance before this public, has made a host of friends by his careful and conscientious efforts to please, as well as by his social qualities and accomplishments as a gentleman of culture, will receive a complimentary benefit. Mr. Hill will probably sail for San Francisco on the *Elder* and the public will have but few more opportunities of seeing him before the footlights. His finished impersonations have afforded much pleasure to all who have witnessed them, and Portland will lose a bright and attractive dramatic ornament in his departure. For the past two weeks the business has not been as profitable as might have been desired. This has been owing to no fault of the management, nor to any want of dramatic merit, on the part of the company. That the patronage has not been more liberal is to be sincerely regretted. Mr. Hill is a most deserving artist, and it is to be hoped that this public will show its appreciation of his dramatic merit by giving him a crowded house. A very strong and attractive bill will be presented on the occasion of his benefit. The sensational and thrilling play of "Two Orphans" will be produced with a powerful cast, and excellent scenic effects, correct costumes etc. No pains have been spared to present the play in the most attractive and creditable style. Mr. Barton Hill will appear as "Maurice de Vaudrey," of which he was the original at the California theater, and will be assisted by George D. Chaplin as "Jacques," Mr. Lindsay as "Pierre Frochard," the mother "La Frochard," being Mrs. Belle Douglas. The two orphans will be personated by Miss Adams as "Loise," and Miss Wade as "Henriette." Willie Simms will assume the part of "Picard." Other characters by the company.

BRIEF NOTES.

See new ads.

Barton Hill's benefit to-night.

The school question is booming.

We had a little snow and hail yesterday.

The O. S. N. Co's lines were down yesterday.

Supreme court has adjourned until Monday.

WEEKLY OREGONIAN can be had at the counter.

The steamer *Elder* will be due here to-morrow night.

During his stay in San Francisco Mr. Ben. Selling disposed of 100 tickets to the "Esther" entertainment.

A good deal of interest is felt in the question as to how the supreme court will decide the case of Ah Lee.

Miss Barber, of East Portland, who was striken with congestive chill Wednesday afternoon, was slowly improving at last accounts.

Two large blowing engines are being made for the Oswego iron works. The cylinders are each four feet in diameter and have five feet stroke.

The small temporary buildings on the lot opposite the postoffice are being removed, as preparations will begin soon on a brick block on this site.

The current number of THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN is one of the best which has been issued. For sale at the business office for 10 cents a copy.

Work on the new hotel and business house of Joseph Barkhardt in East Portland is progressing finely. The piles are being driven, timbers framed, and everything prepared to push it ahead as rapidly as possible toward completion.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ST. CHARLES.

A Z Vincent, Cowlitz, W T
Thos Robin, do
J E Noland, city
B S Cassell str *Alex Duncan*
F VanBermark, S F
W C Halleck & w, Vancouver
L Hirschfeil, S F
J O Johnson & w, Oakland
W H Alexander, Eugene
Sol Abraham, Roseburg
W S Davis, Silverton
Mart Peters, Dalles
J Madon, city
Peter Riley, Astoria
Miss Shephard, Washougal
L Johnson, For Grove
Miss Langdon, do
Miss Jackson, do
H Kelley, Jacksonville
G Somerfelds, Polk co
J W Cochran, Vancouver
R H White, Olympia
Miss Lawson, Dalles

CLARENDON.

Lt E S Farrow, U S A
H C Perkins, Eugene
H C Owen, Eugene
W B Smith, Brownsville
Col R Cornelius & wf, Cornelius
J L Rumsey, city
J Brown, Ogn City
J W Brown, W O R R
W H Reynolds, S F
A Listoke, Kansas City, Mo
A Pittinger, Dalles
Jas Connor, King's Val
C E Kriss, Dayton
Col J W Nesmith, Derry
W H Baber, Junction
M McCulloch, Harrisburg
J Martin, Corvallis
H Herron, do
W R Bishop, city
W H Conley, Derry
K Wingate, Dalles
I S Stratton, S F
E O Sutter, Gervais
F Whipple, Cottage Grove
J E Molane, Massillon, O
G P Reed, do

INCOMING PASSENGERS.

PER STEAMSHIP ELDER, WHICH SAILED FROM SAN FRANCISCO FOR PORTLAND FEBRUARY 26TH, AT 10 A. M.

P Wasserman and wf
F J Fetter
Antone Lobe
F W Goddard and wf
A Burchard
Miss Gussie Hafter
Hugh Macleay
J S Howell
H F Sukesdorf
P Partree
Fred Blumauer
Miss M E Delany
Miss A McDonald
Miss R Higgins
Miss J Barr
Mrs M Calvert and sis
J A Holman and wf
O P Beardsley
S S Cook
C F Dorrance
D M Trunery
H A Sands and wf
J A Strowbridge
L Bettman, son & dau
P P Dabble
Mrs S S Berry
P Gottsleben
C P Yates
W D Hare
O P Lacy, wf and 2 ch
W T Kirkpatrick
E O Smith
M Carmicheal
Mrs Mary Cheethern and son
R C Lord
Mrs M Adams and 2 ch
A P Taylor and wf
H W Augustine
Lieut E S Chapin
F P Katz
R H Savory

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

In re Estes & Carter—Order that assignee transfer certain real estate to P. A. Marquam, as recommended by the register upon payment of costs of the assignee.

In re Oregon Iron Works—Petition of assignee to sell real estate free from liens allowed.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT, BELLINGER, J.

Ollor Taylor vs the scow *Zetta*—Motion for new trial allowed.

State of Oregon vs Thos. Morrison—Plea of not guilty.

Sylvester vs Evans—Verdict for defendant.

Wm. Syms vs A. Goodnough—Verdict for plaintiff for $31 50.

POLICE COURT—STEARNS, J.

Drunk and disorderly—Martin Dyer, Ned Glannon, Charles Bolton, M. A. Stowesser, $5 each; John H. Lee, $20.

Violating swill ordinance—Ah Goon, $5.

Keeping bawdy house—Tung Lin and Gau Fong, $60 each.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Signal service United States army. Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture. Report for the last 24 hours.

PORTLAND, Feb. 26 7:57 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height of Barom	Change last 8 Hours	Ther	Wind Direction	Rain fall inches	State of weath.
Portland	30.24	.06	37	NW	.06	Fair
Roseburg	30.29	.00	37		.04	Fair
Red Bluff	29.94	.08	54	NE	.1	Clear
Sacramento	29.93	.09	52	NE	.1	Clear

Olympia line down.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

The A 1 clipper ship *Ringleader* will be dispatched to this city from New York about April 1st. Shippers can make engagements through Allen & Lewis.

Cahalin has removed to his new stand, No. 92 First street, opposite Union Block, and will be pleased to show his friends and all others a largely increased stock of boots and shoes.

Mrs. Pilger, the leading dress maker, will depart on the *State of California* next Saturday morning. She will return in two weeks with an elegant stock of dress goods, trimmings and fancy goods, all of the very latest style. Ladies desiring to order specialties can do so without extra expense by calling on or before Friday evening.

Young man, now that you have taken unto yourself a wife, don't forget that you need furniture, and that is the article Edwards & Birmingham pride themselves upon selling at the most reasonable figure.

If you want a hack, carriage or horse, just telephone Corbett's stable, corner of Second and Taylor streets, and your order will be promptly filled.

Ready Made Wrappers, $1 50, and stylish dresses at reasonable prices at the European Dress Making establishment, 151 Third St.

WANTED.—500 fat men to buy outfits at the closing out sale, Centennial block, Second street. A lot of extra sizes, cheap.

For Fine Cigars, Tobacco, Notions, &c., go to A. P. Chetbery, 172 Front street, under National Hotel.

OYSTERS.—Eastern oysters by every steamer at Keith's, corner First and Oak streets.

Splendid Logging Team for sale, extra cattle, J. B. Knapp, 249 First street.

Peter Wilhelm reigns supreme at the Gem in Astoria. Call and see him.

Pure Milk and Sweet Cream at R. R. Milk Depot, 249 First street.

NICHOLSON PAVEMENT.

Distinctive Features of the Roadway to be Constructed on Front Street.

At their last meeting the common council passed an ordinance descriptive of the Nicholson pavement to be laid on Front street from the north line of Ash street to the north line of Madison street. Of late years the macadam blocks have been laid without any tar coatings, but the old method is to be returned to in this instance, with the difference, however, that the blocks are to be dipped in a boiling mixture of equal parts of pitch and coal tar. Another peculiarity of the pavement now to be laid is that the blocks are to be sawed out of the "butt logs" or section of tree next to the stump, and are to be dried under shelter for a period of sixty days after being sawed. These features are particularly fathered by Superintendent of Streets Braden, who claims that they will add greatly to the permanency of the improvement, while some lumber men contend that the extra cost occasioned by them will be greater than the benefit derived. The ordinance is very explicit, and if strictly enforced will produce a very substantial piece of work.

SUPREME COURT.

SALEM, Feb. 26 1880.

Supreme court met at 9 o'clock A. M., full bench present.

S. G. Spear, app. vs J. W. and V. Cook, resps.; appeal from Clatsop county. Judgment of court below affirmed. Opinion by Boise J.

Syllabus—1. When S. grants to C. all the water in a certain creek and the right to convey such water over the land of S. to the land of C. and grants to C. the right to enter upon lot 1 (land of S.), and build, maintain, repair and keep up and in operation all dams, ditches, pipes, aqueducts, or flumes, necessary and proper for the conveyance of said water to the premises of said C., such conveyance gives to C. the right to construct several canals or courses for the water over said premises of S.

2. By such conveyance the grantor has the right to convey all the water, and at different times and places.

3. Such grantee may first construct a ditch and take part of the water, and afterwards construct another ditch to convey the balance, or enlarge his first ditch.

4. Such grantee may also change his ditch when located, if such change is necessary to enable him to convey the water in a convenient and reasonable manner.

5. Such grantee may also float wood through his ditch, provided he does not thereby injure the grantor.

John W. Jackson, app., vs Laura Jackson, resp., appeal for Clackamas county. Argued and submitted.

R. Williams, resp., vs Henry Ackerman, resp.; appeal from Multnomah county. Argued and submitted.

J C Trullinger, resp., vs N. Kofold and Mary J. A. Kofold, Peter Runey, G W. Parker, resps., and S G Crane, app.; appeal from Clackamas county. Argued and submitted.

The chief justice announced that this (Thursday) evening the court would adjourn until Monday next.

THE NORTHWEST.

Western Oregon.

Horse racing is the regular Saturday amusement at Molalla.

A first class quality of lime has been discovered two miles west of Dallas. The mine is owned by C. G. Rowell, M. M. Ellis and T. Butler.

Mr. Pate, supervisor of one of the Marion county districts, has attached the baggage of a company of Chinamen, working near Jefferson, for their road tax, and the celestials have carried the matter to the courts.

Thomas S. Wilke writes from Greenville, Washington county, as follows: In your issue of the 21st inst. I noticed an item regarding a little daughter of Mr. Backus having died of starvation. I have the word of two men from Nehalem, viz: Mr. Weed and Mr. Knight—both neighbors of Mr. Backus—that the statement is false in every particular. The facts are as follows: On the day of the storm Mr. Backus was in Washington county, and he started home two or three days after. He experienced much difficulty in getting over the road and was over two days making the trip. His family were not destitute, as was stated, nor did he go to St. Helens, for he would have to pass through the settlement to get to St. Helens. His child died of some disease resembling a congestive chill.

The Pennsylvania Delegation.

The Philadelphia *Times* thus explains the position of the Pennsylvania delegation to the Chicago convention, which, though instructed for Grant, will, it says, divide in the convention, in spite of all the power Cameron can bring to hold it as a unit for Grant:

> The Pennsylvania delegation of 1876 was handicapped by instructions for General Hartranft, and the vote of the state was adroitly held from Blaine by contracts with carpet-bag delegates to increase Hartranft's vote on each ballot; but the present delegation has no home candidate to divert it from its choice, and fully one-third of them are open and avowed Blaine men who defiantly disputed the binding force of the unit rule before their election and as defiantly dispute it now. In addition to this one third of the delegation that will follow Blaine's fortunes in their own way, there are quite as many who sincerely desire Blaine's nomination but will not sever their relations with Cameron. They may be held from Blaine by Cameron strategy, and most of them may be hammered into the support of Grant; but it is not within the power of Cameron or any of one else, or of any combination to give Grant a unanimous vote from Pennsylvania for the presidential nomination.

The body of T. J. Stone, who perished in the late snow storm, was found last week about two miles from the Puyallup station. It seems that he had started for his home in New Tacoma, from where he was at work, and becoming exhausted, sat down on a log and perished. He was an excellent young man and highly esteemed. He leaves a wife and four children. Mrs. Stone is a daughter of Mrs. A. L. Myers, of Independence, in Polk county. Mr. Stone was the third man lost in that storm—two in the Puyallup and one on the Yelm.

A "White" Sewing Machine is the article for your wife or daughter. S. M. Barr, agent.

All kinds sewing machine needles to arrive at Barbey's, 32 Yamhill street.

The leading music house north of San Francisco—D. W. Prentice & Co., Portland.

DR. SAYLOR, removed to rooms 1, 2, 3, Union block, over Gill's book store.

Those who are buying goods, are requested to notice the new ad. of Comstock & Pfluger's.

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Tablets
Contain nothing injurious to the teeth.

Opera and French Caramels, Lemon Cocoanut, Molasses Cocoanut, Peanut Taffies, at Postoffice Store.

REMOVED.—Dr. A. Pohl, homœopath. Room 22, Union block, First street, between Stark and Oak, Portland, Oregon.

MORROW'S SHOES.
Immense sale of Morrow's Shoes. Ladies, ask in your shoe store for Morrow's Shoes. They are the best fitting and of the latest style.

EUGENE D. WHITE,
Commissioner of deeds, notary public and general conveyancer, 130 First st., Portland, Oregon.

Do You Believe It?

That in this town there are scores of persons passing our store every day whose lives are made miserable by Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour and Distressed Stomach, Liver Complaint, Constipation, when for 75 cents we will sell them Shiloh's Vitalizer, guaranteed to cure them. Sold by S. G. Skidmore & Co., Druggists, 151 First st., Portland, Or.

We Challenge the World

When we say we believe we have evidence to prove that Shiloh's Consumption Cure is decidedly the best Lung Medicine made, inasmuch as it will cure a common or Chronic Cough in one half the time and relieve Asthma, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, and show more cases of Consumption cured than all others. It will cure where they fail; it is pleasant to take, harmless to the youngest child, and we guarantee what we say. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1. If your Lungs are sore, Chest or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by S. G. Skidmore & Co., druggists, 151 First street, Portland, Oregon.

Quinine and Arsenic

Form the basis of many of the Ague remedies in the market, and are the last resort of physicians and people who know no better medicine to employ for this distressing complaint. The effects of either of these drugs are destructive to the system, producing headache, intestinal disorders, vertigo, dizziness, ringing in the ears, and depression of the constitutional health. AYER'S AGUE CURE is a vegetable discovery, containing neither quinine, arsenic, nor any deleterious ingredient, and is an infallible and rapid cure for every form of Fever and Ague. Its effects are permanent and certain, and no injury can result from its use. Besides being a positive cure for Fever and Ague in all its forms, it is a superior remedy for Liver Complaints. It is an excellent tonic and preventive as well as cure of all complaints peculiar to malarious, marshy and miasmatic districts. By direct action on the Liver and biliary apparatus, it stimulates the system to a vigorous, healthy condition. For sale by all dealers. Hodge, Davis & Co., wholesale agents, Portland.

SCHOOL MATTERS.

Annual School Meeting and Elections—Laws Regulating and Controlling the same—Defining Duties of Directors, Clerks, and Qualification of Voters.

Tax-payers of school district No. 1 are requested to bear in mind that the annual meeting, as provided for by law, will be held at the court house next Monday evening, March 1st. The meeting will be held at 7:30. It will be for the purpose of hearing a report of the board of directors and clerk, also for the purpose of levying a tax for the support of the schools for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of any other business that may come before the meeting.

The legal voters of the district are also notified that the annual election for the district will be held at No. 119 Third street, on Monday, March 8th, for the purpose of electing one director to serve for three years and a clerk to serve for one year. The polls will be open from 2 to 6 o'clock P. M.

WHEN MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS SHALL BE HELD.

Section 34, of the new school law, approved Oct. 18th, 1878, reads as follows:

Organized districts shall hold annual meeting on the first Monday of March, and shall elect one director every year for each district, who shall qualify as aforesaid, and shall hold his office for three years, so that the oldest director shall retire from office in order. The directors elected on the organization of a district, shall remain or retire, as a vote of the first annual meeting may decide; the two getting the highest votes to retain their office until their next annual meeting, and the one getting the highest vote thereat shall serve until the next annual meeting thereafter.

Provided, That in any district containing five hundred or more qualified voters, the annual election for directors and clerk shall be held at from 2 to 6 P. M., on the second Monday in March; that such election shall be by ballot, and that the judges of such election shall be appointed by the directors of such district, who shall sit at the time and place appointed to receive and canvass the votes, and report the result to the directors. But in such districts the annual meeting shall be held on the first Monday in March for the transaction of business other than the election of director and clerk.

THE DUTIES OF SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

Section 37, as amended, reads:

The duties of directors of school districts shall be:

First. To authorize the clerk to call special meetings.

Second. To issue warrants to the clerks authorizing them to collect in the name of the district, and in the same manner as the state and county taxes are collected, all taxes assessed to the inhabitants thereof and upon the taxable property of all non-residents.

Third. When authorized by a majority vote of the districts, to purchase, lease or build school houses, and to buy or lease lands for school purposes, and to take care of and furnish their school houses with the necessary fuel, light, libraries, apparatus, etc.

Fourth. To see that the wishes of the district toward outside scholars are respected.

Fifth. To employ teachers and assist them in the government of the school.

Sixth. To audit all claims against the district, and draw orders on the clerk for the amount.

Seventh. To require of the district clerk a bond of such force as shall seem just and reasonable for the faithful performance of his duties.

Eighth. To examine and correct the assessment roll made by the clerk as hereinafter provided.

Ninth. To maintain at least six months in each school year, in all districts where the number of persons, between four and twenty years of age, is one thousand, as shown by the clerk's yearly report, a high school, wherein shall be taught, in addition to the common English branches such other branches as the directors of such districts may prescribe.

WHO ARE QUALIFIED TO VOTE.

Section 43 gives the qualifications of electors, and reads as follows:

Any citizen of this state shall be entitled to vote at a school meeting who is twenty-one years of age, and has resided in the district thirty days immediately preceding the meeting, and who has property in the district upon which he or she pays a tax.

DUTIES OF THE CLERK.

Section 54 defines the duties of the clerk to be:

It shall be the duty of the district clerk:

First, to record all proceedings in a book to be provided for the purpose.

Second, to give notice as required in this act, of annual and special meetings.

Third. Whenever any tax is levied by the district, he shall make an assessment roll of all the taxable property within his district, and deliver the same to the directors; *Provided*, that one year shall intervene between any two assessments.

Fourth. When he receives the audited assessment roll and warrant from the directors, to collect all the taxes for which the roll calls, by the time and in the manner authorized by the warrant.

Fifth. To make in his record a yearly report for his district, and send a copy thereof to the county school superintendent.

C. B. Dupee Hams have least waste.

THE "HUMORIST,"
(That is, Gus Miller) "on deck" again, Fourth and Washington sts.

J. VAN BAURDEN,
Dealer in solid silver and plated ware. Direct importation of diamonds, 107 First street. Formerly Gill's book store.

A. L. FRANCIS,
TUNER & REGULATOR OF PIANOS & ORGANS,
Agent for the Leading Musical Instruments,
Leave orders at Morse's or Bartsch's,
Residence 125 Sixth, Cor G St.

A RARE CHANCE.
An established Dry Goods store in the best locality in the city for sale at a great bargain. For further particulars address "M," OREGONIAN office.

SUICIDE.

A distinguished Scientist once said: "No man with a strong, healthy stomach ever committed suicide, yet many suffer the torments of the damned with dyspepsia, when a single bottle of DR. MINTIE'S ENGLISH DANDELION LIVER AND DYSPEPSIA PILLS will give relief, and, if persisted in, cure the worse case of this distressing trouble. This pill cures torpid liver, biliousness, sallow complexion, foul breath, sick headache, heartburn, pain in side and back, removes pimples from the face, regulates the bowels, is sugar-coated and guaranteed purely vegetable. It acts directly on the coating of the stomach and on the liver; is suited to any climate, wet or dry weather. Beware of imitations; genuine has cut of lion on outside wrapper. Price, 50 cents. Sold by all druggists. Hodge, Davis & Co., Portland, wholesale agents.

How to Save Money.

Instead of going to a doctor, if you have Bright's Disease, Diabetes, pain in back and loins, smarting, inflammation, calculi, brick-dust deposit, or any trouble of the kidneys or bladder, buy a bottle of DR. MINTIE'S NEPHRETICUM, the great *Buchu Compound*. It is the best prescription ever compounded for these troubles. Abrams & Carroll, Wholesale Druggists, say: "*We regard Nephreticum as the best Kidney and Bladder Remedy in the market.*" Woodward, druggist, Portland, Oregon, says: "Everybody speaks highly of it." Childs, druggist, Portland, says: "Sold lots of it; it always does the work." Many have been cured of obstinate kidney complaints after the doctors gave them up. Sold by all druggists. Price $1 00 a bottle, or six bottles for $5. Hodge, Davis & Co., Portland, Wholesale Agents.

Sir Astley Cooper's Vital Restorative.

The great English remedy—has made more cures of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, nocturnal emissions, lassitude, inability for mental labor, despondency, and such diseases as are induced by youthful follies and excesses, than all other medicines combined.

It is not a stimulant nor excitant, is perfectly safe to take, is not a *quack nostrum*, and produces results that are wonderful.

Price, $3 a bottle. Four times the quantity, $10. Buy a bottle. It will not disappoint you. Hodge, Davis & Co., wholesale agents.

PRICES DOWN TO BEDROCK!

We offer this week our entire stock of Clothing, consisting of Men's and Boys' suits, Overcoats and Ulsters at a tremendous sacrifice. Those in want of Bargains should not delay, but call at J. KOHN'S CLOTHING PALACE, corner First and Morrison streets.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
JEWELERS,
149 FIRST STREET.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE GREAT OBJECTION TO GRANT.

[illegible], Feb. 21 1880.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In common, I presume, with your other readers, I have watched with great interest your treatment of the Grant question. I am more and more impressed with one phase of the subject which the majority of the opponents of Grant seem exceedingly timid about, concerning which they seem to think that due respect for Grant forbids an honest expression of opinion.

The point in my mind is simply this. Is the objection to a third term our strong card in this controversy? Is not Grant's presidential record a much stronger basis of opposition to another term than the fact that it would be a third term?

If such a man as Abraham Lincoln were in question do you apprehend that there would be much opposition to a third term?

Is it not more effective, as well as being the *fact*, to say boldly and unequivocally that we oppose Grant because his previous administration was radically vicious? Narrow partisanship and corruption in the civil service were the characteristics of Grant's presidency. No amount of service during the war, no amount of fulsome adulation picked up during the two years' journey around the world, can blind thinking Americans to the fact that Grant as president was and will be again the nucleus for the corrupt in office, for the vulgar in society, and for the utterly selfish in statesmanship.

I feel sure that this sentiment in the country is so strong that if the question be brought to the test by the nomination of Grant, many thousands of republicans will either not vote at all or else vote for the democratic candidate. For it is one of the profoundest truths of the present moment that the American people are to settle, during the next four years a question vastly more fundamental than that merely of the ascendency of republicans or democrats; it is nothing less than the question *are the American people capable of governing themselves honestly?* If the people answer this question in the negative by intrusting their momentous interests into the hands of Grant with Conkling and Cameron as chief advisers, then let us all agree that *our* national experiment has been a failure, let us stand aside for some other attempt less *ideal* than that of "government of the people, by the people, and for the people."

W. D. LYMAN.

The "White" is the popular Sewing Machine. Agency 171 First st. Only $35.

The most popular and fragrant perfume of the day, "HACKMETACK." Try it. Sold by S. G. Skidmore & Co., Druggists, 151 First st., Portland, Oregon.

Peruvian Syrup.—This valuable medicine has been silently making its way into public favor by the numerous remarkable cures it has performed. Its singular efficacy is owing to the *protoxide of iron* which in this preparation remains unchanged, and is the only form in which this *vital element* of healthy blood can be supplied.

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE
Has the largest and best selected stock of cigars in the city, comprising New York, Key West and Imported Havanas. Call and be convinced that you can get a better article for a less price than at any other store in the city. No. 122 First st., near Alder. Sole Agency for the Celebrated Kerbs and Spies New York Cigars.

THE DEATH-RATE OF

Our country is getting to be fearfully alarming. The average of life being lessened every year, without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant origin. At this season of the year especially a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are apt to overlook the dangers attending it, and often find too late that a Fever or Lung trouble has set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, while had *Boschee's German Syrup* been taken a cure would have resulted and a large bill from a doctor been avoided. For all diseases of the Throat and Lungs *Boschee's German Syrup* has proven itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicine. Every Druggist in this country will tell you of its wonderful effect. Over 950,000 bottles sold last year, without a single failure known.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

HOLTON HOUSE RESTAURANT.

The Only First Class Restaurant in the City.

Meals a la Carte.

BREAKFAST BILL OF FARE.

Mackerel, boiled or broiled	10c	Pork chops	15c
Salmon bellies	10c	Veal Cutlets, plain or breaded	15c
Codfish stewed	10c	Bacon and Liver	15c
Codfish stewed in cream	15c	Sausage	10c
Codfish balls	10c	Fried or stewed Tripe	10c
Fresh fish in season	15c	Brains fried or stewed	10c
Sirloin steak	15c	Kidneys, broil or stew	10c
Rump	15c	Ham and 2 Eggs	20c
Beefsteak & Onions	15c	2 Eggs boiled or fried	10c
Beefsteak, Spanish sauce	15c	2 Eggs, Shirred	10c
Tenderloin steak	25c	2 Eggs, omelette plain or Spanish	10c
Tenderloin steak with Mushrooms	40c	German Pancake	15c
Porterhouse steak	30c	Oat Meal Mush and Milk	10c
Porterhouse steak with Mushrooms	50c	Buckwheat cakes	10c
Family Porterhouse	50c	Flannel cakes	10c
Mutton chops	15c	Waffles	25c
Lamb	15c	Coffee, Tea or Chocolate, each	10c
Lamb chops, with Mushrooms, Oysters or Green Peas	25c	Oysters in every style	25c
		Eastern oysters	50c

Bread, Butter and Potatoes served with Meats without extra charge.

Dishes served to one person charged as follows:

Single 10ct dish	15c
Two 10cts and one 25cts	50c
Three 10ct dishes	25c
one 25ct and two 10c dishes	40c
Two 15ct and one 10ct dish	35c

Table de Hote Dinner, from 4 to 7 P. M. 50c.

SOL'S RESTAURANT,

CENTRAL MARKET BUILDING,

The Place to

GET THE BEST FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

Dinner Bill of Fare Changed Daily.

BILL OF FARE.

	cts.		cts.
German Pan Cake	15	Mackerel, boiled	10
Oat Meal Mush & Milk	10	Codfish Cakes	10
Corn Meal Mush & Milk	10	Codfish, stewed	10
Beef Steak	10	Sauced Pigsfeet	10
Rib Steak	15	Fresh Fish in season	10
Sirloin Steak	15	Coffee, Tea, Chocolate or Glass of Milk, each	5
Tenderloin Steak	20	Two Rolls Doughnuts, Cake of any kind or Pie, each	5
Porterhouse Steak	25		
Family Porterhouse Steak	50	Buckwheat Cakes	10
Dish of Stewed Mushrooms	15	Flour Cakes	10
Mutton Chop, plain or broiled	10	Corn Cakes	10
Veal Cutlets	10	Pudding of any kind	5
Pork Chops	10	One Plate Bread, Butter, Potatoes, served with meats without extra charge.	
Broiled or Fried Tripe	10		
Fried Brains	10		
Sausages	10	An additional plate of Bread or Butter	5
Broiled or Fried Ham	10		
Broiled or Fried Bacon	10		
Broiled or Fried Liver	10	OYSTERS:	
Stewed Tripe	10		
Stewed Kidney	10	Raw	20
Broiled Kidney	10	Fried	25
2 Eggs, Broiled, Fried, Poached or Omelette	10	Stewed	20
Each Additional Egg	5	Pan Roast	20
Mackerel, broiled	10	Fancy Roast	20

IMPORTED WINES,

SAUTERNES, CHAMBERTINE CHAMPAGNES,

At Reasonable Rates.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS

Constantly on hand.

Private Rooms for Families. Dinner Parties supplied at short notice.

THE OXFORD,

86 First St., opp. Corbett's New Block.

MRS. WALLER & SON (late of Oak St.)

Oysters in every style 25 cents per plate. Meals to order. Fresh Eastern Oysters.

RICHMOND HOUSE,

Corner of Second and C Sts., Portland.

NEW HOUSE—NEW FURNITURE.

Board and Lodging, per day $1 00

per week $5 00 to 6 00

Meals, 25 cts. Suits of Rooms for families. Free Coach to and from the house.

P. McFEELY Prop'r.

BARBED FENCE WIRE

CABLE LAID DOUBLE WIRE.

Four Point Steel Barbs!

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FENCE KNOWN. No other Fence equal to it. Manufactured under license from holders of the original patents. Put up on 100-lbs reels. Send for circulars.

All kinds of WIRE (Iron, Steel and Galvanized) for BALING, FENCING, TELEGRAPH, TELEPHONE, etc. etc.

WIRE ROPE of all kinds in stock or manufactured to order.

A. S. HALLIDIE,

WIRE MILLS & WIRE ROPE WORKS,

6 CALIFORNIA ST., SAN FRANCISCO

WHITE LEAD

The ATLANTIC brand, the standard lead. Stipulate for it in all your contracts. Do not permit any other to be employed. C. T. RAYNOLDS & CO.,

Sole Agents, 9 Front St.,

San Francisco.

NOTICE!

Owing to the greatly increased cost of material, the price of ATLANTIC PURE WHITE LEAD has been advanced.

C. T. RAYNOLDS & CO.,

Sole Agents, 9 Front St.,

San Francisco.

CAUTION!

The price of ATLANTIC PURE WHITE LEAD having been advanced, property owners are cautioned against the substitution by painters of cheap low grade leads, which, owing to inferiority in quality, can be bought for considerably less than the present cost of raw material. C. T. RAYNOLDS & CO.,

Sole Agents, 9 Front St.

San Francisco

REWARD!

Whereas the substitution of cheap, inferior leads, where "ATLANTIC" has been specified, is not only a fraud upon the property owner, but a damage to the reputation of the ATLANTIC brand, we hereby offer a reward of $50 for sufficient evidence of such substitution being made.

C. T. RAYNOLDS & CO.,

Sole Agents, 9 Front St.,

San Francisco.

DRY GOODS CLOTHING.

GREAT SLAUGHTER

OF

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS and SHOES

AND

CARPETS,

AT

Franklin, Bros. & Co's,

To make room for our Spring stock.

Note the following Extraordinary Low Prices:

SILKS AND SATINS:

Black Gros Grain Silk	75c—worth $1 00
Gros Dress Silk	$1 25—worth $1 75
Extra Heavy from	1 75 to 3 50
Good Black Satin, per yard	50
Extra quality from	1 00 to 2 50

BOOTS AND SHOES:

To this department we would call especial attention. Notwithstanding the recent advance in the prices of Shoe Leather, we are determined to close out our stock of Boots and Shoes at the lowest figures. Note the prices and judge for yourselves:

Infants' Philadelphia made Shoes, per pair	$0 35
Children's Heavy School Shoes, per pair	75
Children's Buff, extra quality, per pair	1 00
Children's Button Shoes, French Kid	1 00
Children's Half-Cloth and Leather Buttoned	75
Misses' Shoes in great variety from	75c to 2 50
Ladies' American Kid from	$1 50 upwards
Ladies' Pebble Goat Button Shoes	75
Ladies' Slippers	37½
Ladies' Button Shoes, Kid Foxed	1 25
Ladies' Heavy Calf Shoes	1 25
Boys' Boots from	$1 25 upwards
Men's Boots from	2 00 upwards
Men's Heavy Buckle Shoes, Alexis	$1 25
Men's heavy, extra quality	1 90
Men's Side Elastic Gaiters	1 90

These Boots and Shoes are actually worth double the money we ask for them.

CARPETS:

Wilhelm Carpets, 2-ply, for 25c per yard.

A very good article, warranted, for 50c per yard. This 50c Carpet is actually a Bargain, having been bought from a wrecked schooner for a mere nothing.

DOMESTICS, DRESS GOODS, FANCY GOODS, OIL CLOTHS, SATCHELS, BLANKETS, RIBBONS, LACES.

And everything pertaining to the Dry and Fancy Goods line to be sold to make room for spring goods.

FRANKLIN, BROS. & CO.

Next door to First National Bank,

125 First St. Portland

Catalogues and Samples sent free on application

Guns, Guns, Guns!

Remington's Winchester's and Sharp's Sporting Rifles.

Clabrough's, Moore's, Scott & Son's, Remington Shot Guns.

All at Reduced Prices.

Hazard's Sporting Powder, Fishing Tackle, Fine Cutlery, Skates, Bird Cages, Masks of All Kinds.

WM. BECK & SON,

CORNER FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

JOSEPH ROEMER

Front and Main Sts.,

MANUFACTURER OF

BUGGIES,

DELIVERY WAGONS,

DRAYS AND TRUCKS.

Guarantee Every Article of my work.

Get your estimates and compare mine with other manufacturers.

ZAN BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of

Brooms and Wooden Ware

And Importers of

WILLOW WARE.

Nos. 12 and 14 North Front Street.

MAKE A NOTE OF IT.

And Save Money by buying your

DRY GOODS AT COST

During our

SECOND ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

WE HAVE

FOR LADIES:
Silks, Satins, Velvets
Dress Goods, Cloaks,
Shawls, Dolmans, Ulsters,
Cloakings, Corsets,
Kid Gloves, Hosiery,
Merino Underwear,
Muslin Underwear,
Hdkfs, Ribbons etc.

FOR GENTLEMEN
Laundried Shirts,
Unlaundried Shirts,
Canton Flan'l Underwear,
Merino Underwear,
All-Wool Underwear,
Collars, Cuffs, Socks,
Handkerchiefs, Ties,
Gloves, etc.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS:

Sheetings, Table Linens, Towels, Napkins, Doylies, Marseilles Spreads, Honeycomb Quilts, Nottingham Lace Curtains, Embroidered Lace Curtains, Cretonnes, Chintzes, Bathing Sheets, Oil Cloths, etc

We mean it. Call and see what we can do for you.

OLDS & KING,

147 Third St., bet. Morrison and Alder.

REMOVAL SALE, I. X. L. REMOVAL SA

GOODS OF ALL KINDS

ARE

WAY WAY UP!

BUT

TO CLOSE OUT BEFORE MOVING.

Our Prices are Still

WAY WAY DOWN!

MELLIS BROS. & CO.

172 First Street, between Morrison and Yamhill.

I. X. L. Auction Co.

We want only New Stock in our New Store.

WE WILL OCCUPY OUR

NEW MAMMOTH BUILDING,

120 FIRST STREET AND 127 FRONT STREET,

(200 feet deep), in the course of a short time.

Great Bargains Before Moving. Store 172 First Street.

Mellis Bros. & Co.

THE SUIT HOUSE.

Specialty in Ready-Made Suits and Dolmans at Pr

VERY REASONABLE.

MRS. LITT, the only real First Class Dressmaker in Oregon, guarantees a FIT in every shape. Cutting and Fitting a specialty.

SUITS MIXED WITH SILK AT

Patterns Cut at short notice. Send for samples of Dress Goods and Silks.

Address all letters, H. B. LITT, The Suit House, Third and Alder

FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.

SAM. LOWENSTEIN, Pres't. WM. KAPUS, Secretary.

Oregon Furniture Manuf'g Co.

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS,

Corner First and Yamhill Streets,

FACTORY,

Corner Front and Madison Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Manufacturers of

FURNITURE

And Dealers in

CARPETS, Etc.

Having the greatest manufacturing facilities in this State, this company is enabled to sell at prices much below those of other houses. To show the character of its goods, and to establish the fact that Oregon enterprise can successfully compete with California and Eastern factories, it is only necessary to state that this company was awarded first class Medals and Diplomas at the following Exhibitions:

Oregon State Fair, Salem, 1876.

Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia, 1876

Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1878.

Orders from abroad promptly attended to, and price lists furnished on application.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

BOOKS

Scholars Buying

SCHOOL BOOKS

AT

J. K. GILL & CO'S

HAVE COVERS GIVEN THEM.

EVERY BOOK IN USE

In the Portland schools can be obtained. Fresh and New, at their store.

93 FIRST ST.

THE

CITY BOOK STORE,

No. 171 First St., near Yamhill,

OFFERS A COMPLETE RETAIL STOCK OF

BOOKS, STATIONERY, PERIODICALS,

Etc. at LOWEST PRICES

ADAM ZORN'S EXCHANGE,

31 WASHINGTON STREET,

Best Pool and Billiard Tables on Coast.

Genial Addie keeps the

Milwaukee, Bolson and Weinhard Beer

BEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

HOT LUNCH from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M.

SPOOL COTTON

ESTABLISHED 1812.

CLARK'S TRADE O.N.T. MARK SPOOL COTTON.

GEORGE A. CLARK,

SOLE AGENT.

The distinctive features of this spool cotton are that it is made from the very finest

SEA ISLAND COTTON.

It is finished soft as the cotton from which it is made; it has no waxing or artificial finish to deceive the eyes; it is the strongest, smoothest and most elastic sewing thread in the market; for machine sewing it has no equal; it is wound on

WHITE SPOOLS.

The Black is the most perfect

JET BLACK

Ever produced in spool cotton, being dyed by a system patented by ourselves. The colors are dyed by the

NEW ANILINE PROCESS,

Rendering them so perfect and brilliant that dressmakers everywhere use them instead of sewing silks.

We invite comparison and respectfully ask ladies to give it a fair trial and convince themselves of its superiority over all others.

To be had at all firstclass dealers in dry goods and notions.

BARBOUR'S

Salmon Net Twine,

Cork and Lead Lines,

Seine Twine.

Cotton Netting, all sizes,

Seines Made to Order.

Flax and Cotton Twines,

Fishing Tackle, etc.

BARBOUR BROTHERS,

511 Market St., San Francisco,

HENRY DOYLE & CO., Managers.

SADDLES AND HARNESS.

J. B. CONGLE,

110 Front St

Manufacturer and Importer of

Saddlery.

Best assortment ever offered of Hill's Concord Double & Single HARNESS.

Large stock of Fire & Garden HOSE.

PIONEER WOOD YARD

FOOT OF YAMHILL STREET.

J. SORENSEN.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD,

Sawed and unsawed, constantly on hand and delivered to any part of the City

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING FEB 27 1880

DECISION IN THE U S DISTRICT COURT
DEADY J

U S District Court District of Oregon

TUESDAY Feb 24 1880

The United States v William C Griswold No 610 action for penalty and damages.

(1) ARREST IN CIVIL ACTION—DISCHARGE FROM—The arrest before judgment in civil actions being allowed to the end that the plaintiff may take the body of defendant in execution in case the judgment is not satisfied and the statute of Oregon having prescribed that a judgment debtor confined upon execution may be finally discharged from imprisonment upon the surrender of his property semble that the defendant is entitled to be discharged from arrest unless the plaintiff charges him in execution within what may be considered a reasonable time after judgment and this although there is no statute which in terms or effect directs or provides for such discharge

(2) IDEM—RULE AT COMMON LAW—Prior to the revolution in the court of kings bench the rule was that a "defendant prisoner" against whom a judgment was given and who was not charged in execution thereof within two terms thereafter might be discharged from custody and the statute of Oregon being silent on the subject the court assumes that such rule is applicable to the case as a part of the common law in force in this state and will grant or refuse an application for a supersedeas and discharge by a judgment debtor accordingly

DEADY, J

On May 27 1877 the U S by B F Dowell commenced an action against the defendant under § 3490-94 of the R S for certain penalties and damages on account of the violation of § 5438 in knowingly making presenting and obtaining payment from the treasury of the U S in January, 1874 of certain false claims commonly called the Jesse Robinson claims, and purporting to be for expenses incurred by C S Drew Q M of the Oregon militia in fitting out and maintaining the Jesse Walker expedition to protect the immigrants on the southern Oregon immigrant trail between the Humboldt river and the southern boundary of the state between August 3 and November 6, 1854

On June 2 the district judge, under § 3492 of the R S and upon the complaint in the action, verified by the oath of said Dowell made an order for the arrest of the defendant and fixed his bail at the sum of $10 000 to be given in the manner and with the effect provided in §§ 108 9 of the Or Civ Code regulating the giving of bail upon arrest in civil actions, and on June 4 the defendant was arrested and gave bail accordingly.

Afterwards the defendant moved to strike the complaint from the files because it was not signed by the district attorney nor any one authorized to represent the United States, and to discharge him from the arrest because there was no affidavit, other than the complaint filed before the allowance of the same nor undertaking filed before the arrest was made, and on October 9 said motion was denied. (See published opin of that date and same in 5 Sawyer) Between April 23 and May 20, 1878, the case was tried with a jury who were discharged without giving a verdict—three of them being for the defendant. A second trial resulted, on December 14, in a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $35 328, upon which, on January 11, 1879, there was a judgment accordingly. (See published opinion of that date on denying motion for new trial) Afterwards the defendant was surrendered by his bail, and on March 4, his counsel moved for his discharge from custody because no execution had been issued on the judgment against the person. On the following day, after argument, the motion was denied, it appearing that an execution had been issued against property and not yet returned, citing Norman v. Manciette, 1 Saw., 487, in which the court held, that the plaintiff on a judgment when the defendant is liable to arrest has, at least, until "the return of the execution against property, to take out execution against the body, and that in the meantime, if the defendant has been arrested provisionally, he must remain in the custody of the sheriff, or his bail, or satisfy the judgment."

On April 1, after the return of the execution against property unsatisfied, the motion for the defendant's discharge was renewed, but before it was decided, namely on April 22, the judgment against him was reversed on error in the circuit court, because of an instruction given to the jury upon the trial to the effect that the defendant was chargeable with knowledge of the fraudulent character of the claims in question obtained by his agents thereabout, in the course of their agency, but not communicated to him—the circuit and district judge concurring therein—whereupon the motion was abandoned.

On a third trial, on July 28, a verdict was found for the plaintiff in the same amount as before, upon which, on July 30, judgment was given accordingly.

On November 26, 1879 the motion for discharge from the provisional arrest was renewed upon the ground that an execution against property had been issued upon the judgment and returned *nulla bona* and was finally argued and submitted on February 10.

On the argument of the motion a point was made by one of the council for defendant that this arrest was illegal and void because it was made upon the verified complaint in the action and not an affidavit merely, and also without a previous undertaking on the part of the plaintiff for costs and damages, as provided in § 107 of the Or civ code in the case of an action between private persons. But this point not being stated in this motion, and having been distinctly made and passed upon in the motion before judgment for the discharge of the defendant, as appears in the opinion of October 9th, *supra*, will not now be further considered.

The only question arising upon this motion is, whether the defendant in a civil action is arrested before judgment and remains in arrest until judgment is given therein or is thereupon surrendered by his bail, when may he have a supersedeas and discharge from such arrest unless he is charged in execution thereon?

At common law the preliminary arrest in civil actions was made upon a *capias ad respondendum* the purpose of which, as its name implies, was only to secure the appearance of the defendant in court to answer the plaintiff on the return day of the writ, and the party either remained in the custody of the sheriff until that time, or gave him special bail for his appearance.

Upon the return day, the defendant appeared by putting in bail, as it was called, to the action, failing which the bail or his appearance was forfeited. The bail to the action was an undertaking that the defendant would satisfy any judgment obtained against him or render himself a prisoner upon the execution thereon (3 Black, 290-1)

A judgment at common law for the payment of money might be enforced by an execution against the body, called a capias ad satisfaciendum, in all cases in which the defendant might have been arrested in the first instance upon a capias ad respondendum, and the purpose and effect of it was to keep the body of the debtor in close custody until the judgment was satisfied. (3 Black, 414 5)

The arrest in this case, as has been stated, was made under an act of congress, but under § 914 of the R. S, the subsequent proceedings thereon are governed by the law of the state. Indeed, the arrest itself might have been made under § 106 of the Or civ code, which authorizes an arrest in civil actions for a penalty or a fraud.

Sections 108, 109 of such code provide that the defendant shall be discharged from the arrest in a civil action "at any time *before* execution," either upon giving bail or making a deposit in lieu thereof and that the undertaking of the bail must be "to the effect that the defendant shall at all times render himself amenable to the process of the court during the pendency of the action and to such as may be issued to enforce the judgment therein"

From this it appears that the bail given upon the provisional arrest under the code is not merely the special bail of the common law given to the sheriff for the appearance of the defendant in the action but is is also the equivalent in operation and effect of the common law bail to the action by which the sureties therein undertook that the defendant would satisfy any judgment that might be given against him or render himself in execution thereof upon process against his body to enforce the same whenever lawfully required

At common law the plaintiff might have an execution against the body in the first instance, but could not thereafter have one against the defendant's property except in special cases as where the defendant escaped, died or was discharged under the insolvent act without satisfying the judgment Ordinarily the taking of the body in execution was considered a discharge of the judgment and a satisfaction of the debt. (3 Black 415 Jackson v Benedict, 13 John 535 Sunderland v Loder 5 Wend 58 Wakeman v Lyon 9 Id 242, Chapman v Hatt, 11 Id 42, Poucher v Holly 11 Id 185 Beaty v Beaty, 2 John Ch 431)

The Or Civ Code, §§ 272, 276 gives the plaintiff an execution against the body in all cases where the defendant might have been arrested before judgment but only *after* the return of the execution against property unsatisfied in whole or in part any [illegible] It is provided that a person arrested on execution shall be imprisoned until it is satisfied or be a legally discharged By rule [illegible] of Misc Laws provision is made for the discharge of persons confined upon execution upon the surrender of their property but it is so therein provided [illegible] that the judgment notwithstanding such imprisonment and discharge may be thereafter enforced against the property of the defendant

At common law an execution either against the body or the property might issue of course within a year and a day from the entry of the judgment 3 Black 421 Arch [illegible] A y Prac K B [illegible] 40 Stat Westminster 2 13 Ed 1 c 45 Bac Ab 407)

By the law of this state § [illegible] Or civ code) an execution may issue of course at any time within five years after the entry of judgment but as has been stated the execution against the body cannot issue until one against the property has been returned unsatisfied § 276 11) From this it appears that at common law the plaintiff might take the body of the defendant on execution of course within a year and a day from the entry of judgment and may do so under the law of this state within five years from such entry

But there is no statute of this state which prescribes directly or in effect within what time after judgment a defendant in arrest is entitled to be discharged unless taken upon execution issued thereon By the New York code (§ 288) it is provided that where the defendant is in actual custody under an order of arrest and the plaintiff neglects to issue execution against the person of the defendant for three months after the entry of judgment, the defendant may be discharged from custody unless good cause to the contrary be shown As to what was the practice at common law upon this point counsel has not cited any authority, and I have been inclined to the opinion that in the absence of any positive rule or practice to the contrary that the defendant is not entitled to be discharged so long as the plaintiff is entitled to charge him in execution which is five years from the entry of the judgment according to the statute of this state and according to the common law a year and a day Upon this theory of the law, council for the plaintiff contend that the defendant cannot be discharged from this arrest for five years from the judgment and upon the view most favorable to the defendant he would not be entitled to such discharge until the expiration of a year from that date

But the law of this state having provided that a judgment debtor in custody upon an execution may be finally discharged from imprisonment upon a surrender of his property subject to execution and as such discharge cannot take place while the defendant is in custody upon the arrest before judgment, it may be said that the purpose of the operation of the law providing for the discharge of a judgment debtor upon the surrender of his property would be hindered and denied if the plaintiff could compel such debtor to remain in custody upon the arrest before judgment until he saw proper to take him upon execution

Further, the object of the arrest before judgment being merely to hold the person of the defendant so that if he does not satisfy any judgment which may be obtained against him, his body may be taken upon an execution to enforce the same It may be said that if the plaintiff does not exercise the right to take the body of the defendant in execution within a reasonable time, the defendant ought to have a remedy by a supersedeas and discharge. And upon further reflection, these considerations have the effect to incline my mind to the conclusion that in the absence of any statute directly authorizing the discharge of a defendant in arrest who is not charged in execution within a certain time after judgment, that the court might say that his discharge was contemplated by the law, and should be granted unless the plaintiff within what might be considered a reasonable time under the circumstances should charge him in execution

But upon further examination of the matter I find that according to the first volume of "The Attorney's Practice in the Court of King's Bench," 366, a work published in 1759, the rule in that court was that if the plaintiff obtained judgment against "a defendant prisoner" and did not charge such defendant so remaining in prison in execution of the judgment within two terms next after obtaining such judgment"—reckoning the term wherein the judgment was obtained as one, the defendant may obtain his discharge citing in the margin as authorities, Carthew, 469; 2 Strange, 913, 1153 1215

Assuming, as I do that this is the rule of the common law, it applies to the case and supplies the omission in the statute of the state It authorizes the defendant's discharge in case the plaintiff neglects to charge him in execution and prescribes the time beyond which he is entitled to it.

The judgment in this case was given at the July term, 1879, and this is the November term of the same year and the second term thereafter within the rule. This term expires on the day before the first Monday in March next, when another term begins If the plaintiff does not charge the defendant in execution before that time he may then apply for his discharge and it will be granted him The present motion, however, being premature, is denied.

Addison C Gibbs, for the plaintiff

William W Page and *George H Durham* for the defendant

A VIEW FROM ANOTHER SIDE OF THE QUESTION

[From the Christian Register (Boston) Sept 27 1879]

The scientific American illustrates a defect in our system of education —

Recently a large shoe manufacturer in this state advertised in Boston and New York for twenty-five shoe-fitters to work in his factory, offering full current rates and steady work The advertisement brought one application About the same time a Boston firm advertised for a book-keeper, and the next day a mail brought three hundred and forty seven answers "It is altogether probable" says our neighbor, "that in any considerable city in the land an advertisement for a book keeper or a retail clerk will bring fifty times as many replies as an advertisement for a fare workman at any trade"

But "J L, B" a correspondent of the Springfield Republican, finds a social reason for the aversion to manual employments.—

As a rule, it is not vanity or laziness or dishonesty that prompts the American boy to seek the path which leads to the counting room the banking-house or the office On the contrary such a course is about the only one open to a self respecting youth of the present day in this part of creation It does not take long to learn by bitter experience that, notwithstanding all our spread eagle glorification of American freedom equality and inalienable right, the mechanic is a "workingman," the clerk is a "gentleman" and that socially there is between the two a great gulf, whose arms and bayous reach out into all the fields of actual life, and whose waters are very bitter The clerk is obliged to be well dressed, and to be schooled in conventional courtesies It is not at all important whether or not the clothes are paid for, or the courtesy sugar-coated falsehood These are his credentials to social privileges and recognition from which the toil marked hands the solid every-day clothes, and unschooled honesty of the machine bars him as effectually as though he had been born in Hindostan The one is individualized the city directory indicates the exact nature of his employment the newspapers chronicle his out-goings etc and help along" the organizations which are honored by his membership The other is simply an employe of somebody and beyond this, except in the narrow circle of his personal acquaintance he is relegated to the mass that are supposed to fill the great lower levels of life Toward these the gates are all open but our "best society" is shut out by a very high fence through whose interstices he may catch glimpses of orange groves and bowers of beauty but the gates are closed and guarded

Without pursuing those self-evident premises further the whole matter sums itself up in this inquiry What course is open to the self respecting youth who feels ambitious to enjoy social consideration and respect or to the father who is desirous that his son shall enjoy that for which his own soul has longed and thirsted but which it has never obtained? So long as our theory and practice are so widely at variance or to put it in unmistakable terms so long as it is discreditable to be a mechanic or laborer so long will sensitive and ambitious young men well remain ble for the more honored places Let those who deplore the tendency to clerking concentrate their influence to make it as respectable to be a mechanic as to be a clerk and the great root of the evil will be touched

REVOLT IN PENNSYLVANIA

THE FIRST STEPS TOWARD A NEW CONVENTION TAKEN BY A REPUBLICAN MEETING

PHILADELPHIA Pa Feb 26—A special dispatch to the Times from West Chester says that 300 persons gathered [illegible] in response to a call [illegible] the [illegible] of all Republicans who believe in [illegible] expression of the wishes of the people [illegible] opposed to [illegible] third term [illegible] on [illegible] party [illegible] third term and [illegible] it is time to [illegible] politics"

Sheriff McFarlan [illegible] characteristics of the meeting were speeches by Richard Darlington [illegible] of Chester county to the state convention Mr Charles H Pennypacker a prominent republican lawyer and State Senator Cooper of Delaware county with seven resolutions reported by John A Groff the most ardent Blaine man in the county

The resolutions which were adopted protest against a third term [illegible] unwritten law of the Republican [illegible] district conference to give credentials to [illegible] Gartside [illegible] W [illegible] commend the delegates from Chester county The third resolution is as follows

That a committee of five be appointed by the chairman of this meeting to confer with republicans of the other counties in this state upon the propriety and necessity of calling a state convention to take such action as will insure a fair and honest vote of the Pennsylvania delegation in the Chicago Convention

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Financial

THURSDAY EVENING Feb 26

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 26—Silver 99⅝ buying par selling

Currency exchange on New York in gold 49¼

Sterling exchange on London bankers 60 days 49 5-16@49 6 16

Sterling exchange on London documentary 49 8 16@49 10 16

Transfers, nominal at 40 no sellers

Bank of England's rate of interest 3

Domestic Produce

The week under review has been marked by no specially important features either as to the volume of transactions nor as to the fluctuation in prices The amount of receipts have been somewhat larger than the preceding week Shipments are also being made with more rapidity and at the rate vessels are getting off the fleet at hand will soon be reduced to very few ships unless increased by the arrival of others of which three or four are now overdue Of those in port none are disengaged the charters reported during the past week having been the Frankfurt Hall terms private but said to be above 58s the Lammerlaw at 57s 6d the Staghound at 5_s 6d U K and a wooden vessel for March loading at 60s. The freight market is evincing a firmer tone. The wheat sales of the week locally have not been very large holders maintaining their confidence in an advance later in the season To give an exact idea as nearly as possible of the condition of the market the range of prices must be given at from $1 90 for fair lots of Walla Walla to $1 97½@2 asked for good valley the latter figure being reported to have been paid for some extra good milling This last figure however is above the market, and shippers bid in a general sort of way from $1 95@1 95 per cental.

The local trade in flour shows some increase while shipments are of fair volume. Retail dealers pay commission houses and agents $5 75a6 per bbl for standard brands, the first figures being for ton lots or more.

Oats are in moderate demand for the local trade which takes up about all receipts shippers doing but little. Prices are unchanged since our last report.

Hay mill feed etc generally in good demand with lessened stocks of hands in dealers and a firmer market with an upward tendency in some articles of feed stuffs.

Potatoes and onions are in ample supply the former slow sale and the latter in fair request, and steady at quotations

Provisions continue in full supply and prices weak with more difficulty in placing large lots at current rates, unless of a gilt edged character San Francisco market for canned meats is reported as overstocked with eastern brands which are commanding less than the cost of importation Dairy products generally in fair request with a large local trade Imports of butter from California continue to be made. Eggs in fair request at 17@18c per dozen In hides trade is tolerably active at full rates. No wool in the market, prices at the east advancing, the sales in Boston, New York Philadelphia and London reported during the week indicating a very general and active demand in all the great manufacturing districts which we trust will continue till the Oregon and Washington Territory clips are upon the market.

ENGLISH CROPS AND MARKETS.

The *Mark Lane Express* in its review of the condition of the crops and markets of Great Britain and the continent for the week ending February 24th says

Plowing and sowing have proceeded despite very variable weather alternating sunshine winds and rains which caused floods in the midland counties. Elsewhere a fair area of land has been planted in wheat and beans Vegetation is still backward Variable reports continue relative to the condition of autumn sown wheat Farm work is generally behind hand. Cattle have thriven fairly, but the stock of roots is rapidly diminishing particularly turnips and sheep farmers are anxious. Reports of the condition of winter wheat in Scotland are satisfactory Potatoes have been steadily rising owing to the demand for seed in Ireland English wheat, both in Mark Lane and in the provinces has been marketed in small quantities and unsatisfactory condition Growers were unwilling to accept the lower rates which were offered and business was consequently very dull Sales were only practicable at a decline of sixpence to a shilling per quarter The decline however, principally affected badly conditioned parcels.

Imports of foreign wheat into London have been moderate The demand has been chiefly of a retail character as town millers seem determined to hold off until they see some better ground for the existence of present quotations in America than speculative enterprise Consumption however goes on though speculation is absent and business though quiet is very steady Prices have been maintained except for Russian for which sellers are obliged to accept a little less money though all the depression was recovered on Monday

Arrivals at ports of call were moderate There has been a steady demand for wheat chiefly for the United Kingdom at an advance of a shilling to a shilling and sixpence per quarter Only one cargo of maize arrived which fetched 27s 6d being an improvement of 9d per quarter Business in wheat for shipment was limited owing to indifference of buyers and advance demanded by sellers The sales of English wheat last week were 34,530 quarters at 43s 1d per quarter against 56 550 quarters at 37s 7d per quarter for the same week last year

Gold and Stock Company's Reports.

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 26

Wheat—Steady but little doing

Barley—Quiet and steady

Corn—Firm

Flour—Steady

Receipts—1500 qr sacks flour 62,500 ctls wheat 500 ctls oats 1000 sks potatoes 10 600 doz eggs

Charters—Sh Fannie Tucker and sh Commodore Cork U K private

Wheat—No sales desire to escape taxation induces free offerings up to March 1st Market expected to stiffen next week under light offerings generally The opinion strong that stocks are light.

Butter—Cala strong at [illegible] hardly anything cheaper obtainable

Eggs—Unchanged

Hams—Choice eastern C weak at 11@12 below cost of importation and cannot last.

Hides—Dry and kip and calf 17a17½ and wet salted 9 heavy 10 kip 9 calf 10@11

Felts—$1@1 50 good demand

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO Feb 26

Wheat—$1 24¾ for March

Pork—$11 70 march

Short Ribs—$6 65

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK Feb

Wheat—Strong

Flour—Quiet.

Wool—steady

Beerbohm

LONDON Feb ?

Floating cargoes wheat quiet but steady There is a pause in operation in cargoes on passage but no alteration in prices Maize on passage is about 3d to 6d per quarter cheaper Good cargoes red winter wheat off coast usual terms 5 s per 480 lbs Mark Lane wheat quiet but steady Wheat all at for the U K 1 950 000 qrs

Produce Receipts

Produce receipts at Portland for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day

Wheat 685 sacks 1900 half sacks and 640 quarter sacks flour 150 sacks feed 1 sack wool 16 dry and 9 green hides 14 bales hay 21 bales straw 3 coops chickens 30 boxes eggs 38 boxes and 3 sacks fish [illegible] sacks salmon 1 sacks oysters 1 box drugs 4 lbs leather 34 hogs 1 bundle furs 8 boxes apples 8 cases bacon 11 cases lard 5 sacks onions 15 boxes dried fruit 1 bales oatmeal [illegible] veals [illegible] feet lumber

Exports to Puget Sound

Per O S N Co's boat Emma Hayward Feb [illegible]

To Victoria—19 packages coal 4 bales furs.

Money and Stocks

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN

LONDON Feb 26—Consols 98 1 16-98 [illegible] [illegible] Erie 4 [illegible]

NEW YORK Feb 26—Money 3@5 governments fairly active W U 110½ Erie 46⅝

NEW YORK FREIGHTS AND MARKETS

[illegible]

Dry goods A [illegible]

Home Produce Market

WHEAT Market more [illegible] judged [illegible] for [illegible] Walla [illegible] and valley buyers bidding [illegible] less per cental

FLOUR Round lots standard brands quotable at $5 75 smaller parcels $6 per bbl country brands and superfine [illegible] @ 5 cents less

HAY—The supply moderate and dealers pay $14 @15 per ton the latter for choice timothy

OATS—Market quiet and dull at [illegible] per bushel

WOOL—Range according to quality from [illegible] cts for inferior eastern to 25 @ 30c for extra valley grades; quotations nominal

BACON—Slightly weaker at following quotations 11@ [illegible] for sides 13@15 cents for hams and [illegible]@8c for shoulders

LARD—Market quiet at 1 [illegible] kegs 11 [illegible] and 11@11 [illegible] in pails

CHICKENS—In good demand full grown $3 [illegible] @4 ₩ doz small to medium $ [illegible]

DRIED APPLES—Good demand at the for quartered 6½@7c ₩ lb for sun dried improved demand for Plummer dried at 9 [illegible]

DRIED PLUMS—[illegible] for sun dried 16@18c for machine prunes

POTATOES—Have been very dull during the past week at 40c ₩ 100 lbs

HIDES—Market steady at [illegible] for first class dry 7@8c for green culls [illegible]

EGGS—Market well supplied at 17@18c [illegible]

San Francisco Grain Market

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 26—Wheat—Rather easier at $1 90 @ 1 92½ for No 1 and $1 [illegible] @1 92½ for No 2

Corn—Weaker large yellow $1 [illegible] small round d $1 [illegible] white $1 0

Shipping Intelligence

The Br bk Staghound arrived last night in tow of the Alice She is consigned to Allison Church & Co and will be loaded with wheat by that firm

The Br bk Lammerlaw is receiving wheat stiffening at Central wharf

The Br sh Kinross has finished discharging ballast until after taking in a little stiffening The ballast which is rock is being taken to the break water on the Willamette

The Br bk Frankfurt Hall after having received a little wheat stiffening is again discharging ballast

The barge Monarch loaded with wheat for the Br bk Dilharree left this morning in tow of the J Ordway

The Br sh Carmsa consigned to R C Janion & Co is discharging cargo at Victoria and will probably be loaded with wheat at this port

The Am sh Eliza McNeil left this morning about half past six o clock in tow of the Lurline drawing 18 feet.

The Br bk Dilharree left this morning in tow of the Ocklahama. She takes 21 401 sks wheat and is drawing 18 feet

The Ger bark Don Guillermo takes from Astoria 18,775 ctls wheat valued at $37 550

(BY TELEGRAPH)

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 25,—Arrived—Ship Austria Cardiff sh Tam O Shanter New York str Oceanic China; str Oregon Portland sch James Townsend Humboldt bay bk Roswell Sprague, Port Gamble sch Letitia Tacoma. sch Twilight, Humboldt bay It bk Madre off heads and ordered to Astoria sch Peerless, Port Blakely

Sailed—Sch Clara Light Coos bay sch Bonanza Sandwich islands Br sh Magdala Cork

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 26—Arrived—Brig Josephine Port Blakely

Sailed—Str G W Elder Portland

Feb 26—9 30 A M—Weather foggy and cool wind light southwest.

PORT TOWNSEND Feb 25—Arrived—Bg Tanner Tahiti

PORT BLAKELY Feb. 25—Arrived—Kate Sudden Honolulu

VICTORIA Feb 26.—Arrived—Br bk Prince Rupert London

Passed—Bulwarks.

NEW YORK Feb 26—Silver bullion, 10 0 fine per fine ounce 11

Sterling exchange prime bankers long 4 85 short 4 87½

Good commercial from 1 to ⅔c lower

Documentary 2@1½c lower

U S Bonds—6s of '81 103⅝ 4½s 108¾ 4s 106⅛.

Closed—6s, 103½ 4½s, 108⅝ 4s 106½

LONDON Feb 26—4 P M—Consols 98 1 16 money 98 2-16 account 4 P M—98 8 16—98 4 16

Silver, English standard per fine ounce 925 fine 52

U S Bonds—6s 81 106 4½s 110½ 4s, 109⅝

Closed—6s of 81, 105¾ 4½s 110½ 4s 109⅛

BOSTON Feb 26—Cleared—Sh Laurin San Francisco.

PANAMA Feb 22—Arrived—Str City of Panama San Francisco

HAVRE Feb 24—Arrived Sh Portland Lloyds San Francisco sh Annie H Smith San Francisco.

QUEENSTOWN Feb 24—Arrived—Br sh Dunnator Castle San Francisco Br sh City of Vienna Portland Ogn Br sh Victoria, San Francisco Br bark Cormorant San Francisco sh New Era, San Francisco) Br sh Dunnator Castle lost her boats

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE

SAN FRANCISCO Feb 26

MORNING BOARD

100 C & C	5@5¼	20	Julia	1 10
75 B & B	8¼	220	Caledonia	80c
395 Cala	3 80 b 3	830	S Hill	90@85c
55 Savage	4 90@4 95	220	N Y (asst del)	49c 55
130 Con Va	3 70	100	Sheridan	15c
190 Chollar	6@6⅞	200	L Wash	60@65c
200 Potosi	3 20@3 55	60	Kossuth	15c
160 H & N	5½@6½	900	Andes	70c
130 Jacket	8@8½	700	W Fargo	5c
665 Imperial	55c	240	Scorpion	3
1415 Belcher	12@12¼	475	Leviathan	15c a 10
50 Alpha	8@8½	100	Tr jan	20c
60 Confidence	6¾@7	155	Benton	2 15@2
195 S Nev	22@22¼	50	Occidental	1
80 Point	4½	600	G Gate	75@80c
75 Utah	11¼@11⅝	100	Union	35c
275 Bullion	4 95@4	510	Condorado	1 55
135 Exchequer	2 90@3	500	Flowery	10c
20 Overman	6⅛	170	S Silver	5
90 Justice	1 35	40	Mackey	20c
70 Ophir	1	240	Essex	1¼@1⅜
170 Alta	3 20@3 35	60	Mexican	14½
200 Lady Bryan	60c			

AFTERNOON BOARD

840 Eureka	13½@13	650	Oriental	50c
200 Jackson	3	855	Belvidere	2 05@2
100 Belmont	[illegible]	505	Champion	50@45c
150 K K	5	240	B Hawk	75c
100 N Belle	15@15¾	400	S Bodie	60c
1805 Prize	1 35@1 25	375	Booker	60@55c
540 Argenta	70@75c	370	S Standard	25c
100 Endowment	20c	50	M White	40c
600 Independ	55@95c	625	Queen Bee	25c
225 Star	20c	75	Mono	7¼@7
80 Belle Isle	90@85c	50	Con Pacific	4
500 Day	50c	100	University	15c
50 Hillside	1	280	Dudley	40c
100 Paradise	50c	500	Jupiter	1 90
50 Mt Diablo	20c	900	So Bulwer	2@1 95
625 Oro	1¼@1⅜	0	Addenda	55c
150 Potos	3⅛	30	Noon lay	4
390 E Mt Diablo	1¾@1 85	100	Orient	40c
45 Bodie	8¾	100	C B Hills	3
400 Bechtel	2@2 25 a 10	1200	Atlas	5c
100 MaClinton	40@50c	100	Boston	1 30
125 Tioga	70	20	N Noonday	2
125 Summit	1	445	Mammoth	1 85@2
270 Bulwer	0	100	Albion	80c
250 Syndicate	1 25@1 30			

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN
The Most Successful Physician on the Pacific Coast.

IN THE TREATMENT OF ALL

CHRONIC AND DIFFICULT DISEASES

DR. BRENAN WILL GUARANTEE TO CURE any form of disease of the generative organs or private disease

He has become an expert in the treatment of disease weakness and derangement of the reproductive organs of both male and female including diseases caused by the

FOLLIES OF YOUTH,

Such as SPERMATORRHEA or SEMINAL WEAKNESS or LOSS OF PERFECT VITALITY Nearly two thirds of all the Chronic Diseases spring either directly or indirectly from some derangement of the sexual system and yet this subject is neglected by the majority of the Medical Profession

I know that persons who are unfortunate enough to be afflicted by any form of sexual disease have a delicacy in calling upon the proper physician in time from a sense of modesty and sometimes from ignorance and permit those diseases to exist until their constitutions become corrupted their organization broken down and the hope of future happiness blighted until death becomes a welcome messenger to carry them out of their miserable existence

Everything strictly confidential under all circumstances

Lost manhood perfectly restored

Catarrh Bronchitis Throat Diseases Skin Diseases Rheumatism Kidney Complaint and all Diseases of the Eye and Ear Stomach and Bladder he can cure without fail

Consultation Free and a list of printed questions sent to those living at a distance who cannot consult him personally Enclose postage stamp for list

Office—No 63 First street between Oak and Pine

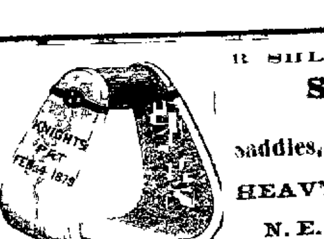
Office Hours—From 10 to 12 A M to 5 and to 8 P M

I WANT WORK!
Cabinet and Joiner Work.

Furniture Repaired Free Delivery

D D BRIGGS,

145 FIFTH CORNER WASHINGTON



B SHERLOCK, SUCCESSOR TO

S. SHERLOCK,

Manufacturer and Importer of

Saddles, Harness & Saddlery Hardware,

Also a Complete Assortment of

HEAVY CALIFORNIA TREES,

For Stockmen's Saddles.

Established 1858.

N. E. cor. Front and Oak Sts.,

PORTLAND OREGON

Agent for Knight's Patent [illegible] & Hickory Whipstocks

WILLAMET IRON WORKS.

Incorporated September 14, 1865

CORNER OF NORTH FRONT AND E STREETS

[illegible] President [illegible] TAYLOR Vice President [illegible] Sec

IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS, GENERAL MACHINISTS AND ENGINE BUILDERS.

MANUFACTURE AND HAVE FOR SALE

High and Low Pressure Marine and Stationary ENGINES and BOILERS; Saw Mills, Flour Mills [illegible] Mining and Agricultural Machinery, House Castings etc

Agents for the Celebrated MOORE & WARREN WATER WHEEL cheaper than any first class wheel

REPAIRING OF MACHINERY AND BOILERS promptly attended to and executed with neatness and dispatch

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK OF PATTERNS North of San Francisco No charge for the use of them

Agents for KNOWLES' PATENT STEAM PUMP, the best in use. Also, for the AMMONIACAL PREPARATION for the Prevention and Removal of Boiler Scale

DeGROOT'S ORNAMENTAL IRON FENCE—a variety of Beautiful Patterns for Cemeteries, etc.

HOUSE CASTINGS etc etc

JAMES LOTAN, Sup't

SMITH BROS. & WATSON'S IRON WORKS,

South Front Street, between Harrison and Hall, Portland, Oregon,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Portable Stationary and Marine Engines and Boilers, High or Low Pressure, Steam and Hydraulic Hoisting Machinery and Elevators, Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Quartz and Machinery of all kinds,

Made to order on short notice CASTINGS of Iron, Brass & Composition, of any weight or description

Down-town office with DuBois & King, 106 Front street, with Free Telephone communication with Works

---

[illegible] GOLDSMITH 247 and 249 Water Street New York

J LOEWENBERG Portland

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,

50 and Front Street, O. S. N. Co's Block,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Stoves, Ranges, Metals

LEAD AND IRON PIPE

Tinmen and Plumber's Stock,

HYDRAULIC RAMS, INDIA RUBBER HOSE

House-Furnishing Hardware,

FORCE & LIFT PUMPS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE

Willamette Stove Works.

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN AND CURRENCY.

COLLECTIONS MADE on all Points.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE ON

SAN FRANCISCO	LONDON
NEW YORK,	PARIS,
CHICAGO,	BERLIN,
ST LOUIS	FRANKFORT-ON MAIN
WASHINGTON D C	And HONG KONG,

OREGON & WASHINGTON MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,

(LIMITED)

President of Oregon Board of Directors

DONALD MACLEAY Esq (of Corbitt & Macleay

LOANS MADE ON REAL ESTATE

Payable Within this State.

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS

4½ and 5 per cent.

WILLIAM REID,

Managing Director

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND

Designated Depositary and Financial Agent United States.

President............HENRY FAILING.

Cashier..............JAMES STEEL.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency; for sale on NEW YORK. SAN FRANCISCO CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on

LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN FRANKFORT-ON-THE-MAIN

Bank of British North America

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID UP CAPITAL... $5,000,000

Head Office London, England

Branches in the Dominion of Canada

Montreal	Kingston,	Fredericton N B
Quebec	Brantford,	St. John N B
Toronto	London,	Halifax
Hamilton	Ottawa	Victoria B C

In the United States:

New York San Francisco Portland Or

Agents:

SCOTLAND—National Bank of Scotland

Commercial Bank of Scotland

IRELAND—Provincial Bank Ireland

National Bank of Ireland

ENGLAND—National Provincial Bank of England

LIVERPOOL—Bank of Liverpool

PARIS FRANCE—Marcuard Andre & Cie

Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold Bills discounted and collected Loans made Moneys received on special deposit or on current account subject to check Commercial Credits granted and a general Banking Business transacted

J GOODFELLOW, Agent

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital.........$2,000,000

With power to increase to $10,000,000.

HEAD OFFICE 28 Cornhill, London.

BRANCHES Victoria (B C), San Francisco and Portland

AGENTS

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, CANADA — Bank of Montreal

MEXICO & SOUTH AMERICA London Bank of Mexico & South America.

IRELAND — Bank of Ireland

SCOTLAND — British Linen Company.

ENGLAND — National Provincial Bank of England.

LIVERPOOL — Bank of Liverpool; North & South Wales Bank

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check

Approved Bills discounted Loans made on available security Collections made promptly

Exchange sold on London Liverpool and on the principal towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe New York China, Japan, South America Australia and New Zealand

W W FRANCIS Manager

FOR CONSTIPATION BILIOUSNESS, And all diseases of the

BLOOD

USE DR HYDE'S

GOLDEN BLOOD SYRUP.

All Druggists sell it.

A trial [illegible] samples given away [illegible]

State Treasurer's Twelfth Notice

STATE OF OREGON

TREASURER'S OFFICE [illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THERE are funds on hand applicable to the payment of warrants [illegible] number [illegible] follows

[illegible]

Interest on the above will not be allowed after this date

EDWARD HIRSCH

State Treasurer

LANDS,
PEN D'OREILLE DIVISION

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

Is now offering for sale nearly

5 000,000

Acres of its lands in the Pen d Oreille Division in Eastern Washington which are comprised in the odd numbered sections for forty miles on each side of the rail road as now located from the mouth of Snake River in Washington Territory, to Lake Pen d Oreille in Idaho These lands of unexcelled fertility and adapted to farming on any scale that may be desired are offered by the Railroad Company at such prices and terms as cannot fail to induce settlement and cultivation causing a rapid growth in population of the country and increase in value to those who now purchase

The following Resolution of the Board of Directors of the Railroad Company passed November 19th 1879 fixes the cash price of land to actual settlers at two dollars and sixty cents per acre which it is believed is a lower price than has ever been voluntarily placed upon its lands by any land grant company This is, in fact, cheaper than the settler can purchase the same class of land of the Government under the pre-emption law, for the expense attending the making of final proof and the journey to the land office which he must necessarily make in order to complete his entry, is more than the ten cents per acre added to the government price by the Railroad Company

Resolved That the Agricultural Lands of the Company west of the Missouri river to Puget Sound shall be offered for sale to actual settlers at Government price of $2 50 per acre with an addition thereto of ten cents per acre to be paid to the Company to reimburse it for the cost of selecting surveying and conveying said land

This resolution does not apply to coal or iron lands nor to lands chiefly valuable for timber, nor to lands required for townsites or suitable for manufacturing sites nor in regions where water is scarce to lands containing springs or other natural supply where it shall be for the interest of settlers at large that such water privileges shall not be exclusively held or controlled by any individual nor to the lands required for the use of the Company in connection with the operation of the road.

To persons wishing to purchase on time the remarkably low price of four dollars per acre is given on the following terms One fourth cash at time of purchase the balance in four equal yearly payments at 7 per cent interest. The above price for time sales is adopted for the present, but may be subject to change in the future

All persons who have filed with the Railroad Company notices of intention to purchase, or Settlers' Applications as they are called for land in this Division (except for the class of lands reserved by the terms of the resolution above given) and who have continued to reside upon or cultivate the and applied for are requested to complete their purchase by making cash payment or time contract for the same For this purpose application should be made to the Railroad Land Office at Colfax

Persons who have not made actual settlement or improvement upon land they may have applied for have no right to the first privilege of purchase such lands will be sold to the first applicant. Those persons who have in good faith settled upon and improved the Company's land should lose no time in securing the same as after a given time the land is subject to sale to any other person

The land in this division being now offered for sale no more Settlers Applications will be filed

All communications respecting land in the following described Townships—

Township 0 North Ranges 26 to 36 East

Township 11 North, Ranges 26 to 36 East.

Township 12 North Ranges 25 to 37 East

Township 13 North Ranges 25 to 38 East.

Township 14 North Ranges 26 to 39 East.

Township 15 North Ranges 28 to 39 East.

Township 16 North Ranges 29 to 41 East,

Township 17 North Ranges 29 to 43 East,

Township 18 North, Ranges 29 to 44 East,

Township 19 North Ranges 30 to 45 East.

Township 20 North Ranges 30 to 46 East

Township 21 North Ranges 32 to 46 East

Township 22 North Ranges 34 to 46 East.

Township 23 North, Ranges 35 to 46 East

Township 24 North Ranges 36 to 45 East.

Township 25 North Ranges 36 to 46 East.

Township 26 North Ranges 38 to 45 East,

—should be addressed to

WESTERN LAND DEPARTMENT,

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD

COLFAX Wash Ty

J W SPRAGUE, Gen'l Supt.

January 1 1880 f23d1m

R. C. JANION & CO

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants

AGENTS FOR LLOYD'S

OFFER FOR SALE AT WHOLESALE PRICES

IND COOPE & CO'S ALE, pints and qts

BASS' " " "

TENNENT'S " " "

W. Edmonds & Sons, Guinness Brand STOUT

RED CASE GIN, Rejnbende & Sons' brand

Hennessey, Martell and Jules Robin BRANDIES, in case and bulk.

Jules Robin BRANDIES, in case

Scotch WHISKY, in case and bulk

Dunville's IRISH WHISKY

Carte Blanche Champagne,

Carte D'Or Champagne pints and quarts

Finest SHERRIES and PORT WINES

BORDEAUX CLARETS, in case

Patra's CURRANTS, in tins

PURE MALT VINEGAR

FINEST SALAD OIL, quarts

CORN BRUISERS, CHAIN and Zig Zag HARROWS

English PAINTS and Nobles & Hoare VARNISHES

Superior WHITE LEAD and ZINC

CHLORIDE OF LIME and SODA Ash

CAUSTIC SODA 76° proof

WHITING AND PARIS WHITE,

WHEAT, OAT SACKS, HESSIANS and TWINE

SHEET AND GALVANIZED IRON

FRY PANS BUCKETS etc etc

H. T. HUDSON,

33 FIRST STREET

Maker of Seals, Stencils

DIES RUBBER STAMPS.

Just added, a large stock of GUNS

OCEAN STEAMERS

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

Carrying the United States Mails and Wells Fargo & Co's Express.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY and PACIFIC COAST STEAMSHIP COMPANY will dispatch EVERY FIVE DAYS to the above port one of their new A 1 Iron steamships viz

OREGON

GEORGE W ELDER

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SAILING DAYS Feb 8 13 18 21 28

March 4 9 14 19 24 29

April 3

Leaving [illegible] A M

THROUGH TICKETS sold to all the principal Cities in the United States and Canada.

For particulars for Passage and Freight apply to

GEO W WEIDLER Agt O S S Co,

Corner F and Front Sts Portland Or

J McCRAKEN & CO Agts P C S S Co

60 62 and 64 North Front St Portland Or

THE COASTING STEAMER

Alexander Duncan

JAMES CARROLL .... Commander

Will leave Pacific Dock

For Shoalwater Bay, Gray's Harbor, Port Townsend, Seattle, Victoria and Nanaimo,

ON SATURDAY, FEB 28th

F M BARTHOLOW Gen'l Agent,

Z J HATCH Portland Agent

Office on Pacific Dock foot of Salmon St f19

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, NANAIMO, PORT WRANGLE and SITKA.

CARRYING U S MAILS

THE STEAMSHIP

"CALIFORNIA,"

CHAS THORN .... Commander

Will leave Flanders' Wharf, foot of C street, for the above ports, on

WEDNESDAY, FEB 11, 1880

At 6 o'clock A M

For Freight or Passage apply to

ED C HUGHES Purser

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE

Beginning Jan 19 1880.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND

FOR DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday) at 5 o'clock A. M.

FOR UMATILLA, WALLULA AND WALLA WALLA—Monday, Tuesday Thursday and Friday at 5 A. M.

FOR KALAMA, TACOMA AND SEATTLE—Daily (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.

FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 A.M.

For Cathlamet, Bay View, Skomockaway and Brookfield—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A.M.

For Westport, Clifton and Knappa—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M.

GEO J AINSWORTH Gen'l Sup.

INDEPENDENT STEAMBOAT CO.

STEAMER

CITY OF SALEM

E W SPENCER Capt .... GASSENDI COX Purser

Will leave Portland at 6 A M

For Oregon City Butteville, Champoeg, Fairfield, Wheatland Lincoln Salem Independence, Fairview Buena Vista Eola, Springhill Enterprise, Albany Corvallis,

And all intermediate landings on the Willamette river,

ON SUNDAYS AND WEDNESDAYS

Returning

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

Landing—Pacific Dock foot of Salmon street

o10 E B. SCOTT Pres't.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

STEAMERS leave PORTLAND from the Central Wharf, between Washington and Alder streets, as follows

FOR DAYTON—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M

FOR SALEM, ALBANY, CORVALLIS, and intermediate points—Monday Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 A. M

For Lightering and Towing of Vessels

Between Portland and Astoria apply at the office of the Company near corner of Front and Ash sts.

FRANK T DODGE, Ass't Gen'l Supt.

THE ELEGANT STEAMER

CITY OF QUINCY

W E BUCHANAN, Capt. R S OAKLEY Purser

Is receiving Freight and Passengers especially for Oregon City Butteville, Champoeg Dayton Lafayette Amity McMinnville and all points on the Railroad

Leaves foot of Morrison St. at 7 A. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Returning, Leaves Dayton at 8 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays

No detention at the flouring mills at Oregon City

Arriving at Portland at 2 P M.

BUCHANAN BROS Agents.

Vancouver Transportation Co

The New and Elegant Steamer

LURLINE JAS T GRAY, Master

WILL LEAVE FOOT OF ALDER STREET daily Sunday excepted. at 2:30 P M.

Returning leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

Towing done between 10:30 A. M. and 2 P M.

MARKETS.

MAY BROS.,

166 First St, bet. Madison and Jefferson,

Keep always on hand the BEST KIND of

Choice Meats & Fresh Sausages

and sell cheapest.

Orders from any part of the city or country will be promptly filled f12d1m

BOSTON MARKET.

F. R. WILSON TAKES THIS MEANS OF INforming the public that he has just opened a

Fish, Game and Poultry

Market at No 170 First street opposite No 4 Engine House. He keeps constantly on hand Fresh Game Smelt and Poultry f16d1m

A. H. JOHNSON,

Stalls 26, 27 and 28 Central Market.

Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh Meats.

PACKER OF BEEF AND PORK.

Highest Price paid for all kinds of Fat Stock

CHRIS. SCHLOTH,

Washington St., near Third

Is prepared to supply Free

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc

Free delivery to any part the city

J. S. KELLER,

Cor Madison and First Streets

Is prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

CITY TAXES.

The Tax Roll for 1880 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes as sessed thereon must be paid at my office 121 First street, within thirty days from this date, or the same will be returned as delinquent

JOSEPH BACHMAN,

Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 9, 1880.

Attention is called to the following extract from Ordinance No 1114:

All taxes licenses assessments for street improvements etc [illegible] and all moneys arising from any other source belonging and payable into the City Treasury shall hereafter be paid in gold coin of the United States of America and [illegible] otherwise [illegible] not exceeding five dollars $5 may be paid [illegible]

NOTICE [illegible]

[illegible]

p80d1aw6wF R M FIELD

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California

To Take Effect Su[illegible]

[illegible]

PORTLAND AND RO[illegible]

LEAVE

Portland — 8 00 A M

Roseburg — 5 00 A M

ALBANY EXPRES[illegible]

DAILY (EXCEPT SUN[illegible]

As follows

LEAVE

Portland — 4 00 P M

Albany — 4 30 A M

FREIGHT TRA[illegible]

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY)

LEAVE

Portland......... 6 15 A. M.

Junction .... 5 30 A. M.

The O[illegible] and California [illegible] connect with all Regular T[illegible]

Close connections are made [illegible] the Stages of the California and [illegible] pany

Tickets for Sale to all the [illegible] California and the East, at Com[illegible]

Cor. F and Front Sts., at [illegible]

PORTLAND

Storage will be charged on [illegible] Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received [illegible] o'clock P M.

R P ROGERS J. BRANDT

Gen'l Freight [illegible]

Northern Pacific

PACIFIC DIVI[illegible]

KALAMA TO T[illegible]

AND

TACOMA TO W[illegible]

(Coal Mines)

MAIN LINE [illegible]

DAILY, (SUNDAYS [illegible]

LEAVE

Kalama........11:30 A. M.

Tacoma.........7:00 A. M.

Puyallup Road

LEAVE

Tacoma.........5:45 A. M.

Wilkeson.......3:30 P. M.

CONNE[illegible]

At Tacoma with Pacific [illegible] Victoria and San Francisco [illegible] Steamers for Seattle, [illegible] points on Puget Sound.

At Lake View with [illegible]

At Tenino with O & T [illegible]

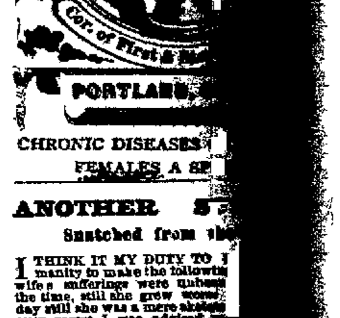
At Kalama with O. S. [illegible] land and all points on Col[illegible]

At Portland with Wa[illegible] A. M. with steamers for [illegible] Nanaimo, New Westminster [illegible]

Through Tickets for [illegible] the Company, and at the [illegible] in Portland, Oregon, to [illegible] via P M S S Co's steamer[illegible] O. S. S Co. and P. C. S. S. [illegible] Portland to San Francisco [illegible]

Through Tickets to [illegible] Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma [illegible]

OTIS SPRAGUE, Gen'l [illegible]



PORTLAND

CHRONIC DISEASES [illegible]

FEMALES A SP[illegible]

ANOTHER S[illegible]

Snatched from th[illegible]

I THINK IT MY DUTY TO [illegible] manity to make the followin[illegible] wife's sufferings were unbea[illegible] the time, still she grew worse [illegible] day still she was a mere skelet[illegible] only resort, I was advised [illegible] DEN BREGH, sr. I must say [illegible] in her ever getting relieved [illegible] very thorough examination [illegible] sible to effect a cure in [illegible] worms were the cause of the [illegible] and the great distress and [illegible] also the female and nervous [illegible] miseries After taking his me[illegible] days she commenced getting [illegible] getting better and gained [illegible] of solid flesh during the [illegible] the Doctor for saving [illegible] grave and my little children [illegible] less. For any further info[illegible] residence and see my wife [illegible] Fifth and Sherman streets.

P T RAND[illegible]

Portland Oregon, Feb [illegible]

REMOVAL OF [illegible]

The Size of a Walnut [illegible] of a Single Dr[illegible]

After doctoring for seven [illegible] doctors and surgeons, and [illegible] that time the greatest pain [illegible] or night, I consulted DR. [illegible] of 212 First street, Portland [illegible] out of the question, but [illegible] stone, which was the size of [illegible] The first drilling lasted [illegible] one half of the stone away [illegible] sand, and not a single drop of [illegible] a great deal of relief. The [illegible] two and a half hours of [illegible] ground the remainder of the [illegible] gravel and sand without the [illegible] of blood and thanks to the [illegible] ment I am cured of the [illegible] malady known to the medical [illegible] ther information call at [illegible] Island, Willamette Slough, [illegible] Multnomah county, Oregon [illegible] Witness, G W THAYER.

DR. SPI[illegible]

No. 11 Kearn[illegible]

Treats all Chronic and [illegible]

YOUNG [illegible]

WHO MAY BE SUFFERIN[illegible] fects of youthful follies [illegible] do well to avail themselves [illegible] boon ever laid at the altar of [illegible] DR. SPINNEY will guarantee [illegible] every case of Seminal Weakness [illegible] ease of any kind or character [illegible] takes and fails to cure.

MIDDLE AGED [illegible]

There are many at the [illegible] who are troubled with too fre[illegible] the bladder, often accompanied [illegible] ing or burning sensation and [illegible] system in a manner the pa[illegible] for On examining the urin[illegible] sediment will often be found [illegible] small particles of albumen [illegible] color will be of a thin milkish [illegible] ing to a dark and torpid ap[illegible] many men who die of this [illegible] the cause, which is the second [illegible] weakness Dr S. will guarantee [illegible] all such cases, and a healthy [illegible] genito-urinary organs

Office Hours—10 to 4 and 6 [illegible] 10 to 11 A. M. Consultation [illegible] amination and advice, $5. [illegible]

DR. SPI[illegible]

16dtf No. 11 Kearny [illegible]

P S—For private diseases [illegible] full course of medicines, [illegible] all instructions, will be sent [illegible] ceipt of $10

DR. JO[illegible]

PROPRIETOR OF AN[illegible]

Kearny Street, bet. [illegible]

(The only pupil in California [illegible] Ricord, of Paris [illegible]

Can be consulted by letter [illegible] nal Weakness and [illegible]

No. 211 Geary street, between [illegible]

Annual School [illegible]

FOR 1880.

THE ANNUAL MEETING [illegible] ers of School District No 1, [illegible] Oregon will be held in the [illegible] county in said district, on

Monday Evening, the 1st [illegible]

A D 1880 at 7 30 o'clock, for [illegible] ing a Report of the Board of [illegible] also for the purpose of levying [illegible] port of the schools for the [illegible] the transaction of any other [illegible] come before the meeting.

D. W[illegible]

Clerk of School District No 1, [illegible]

ALSO

The legal voters of School [illegible] nomah county Oregon, are [illegible] the Annual Election for said [illegible] on Third street in said distri[illegible]

Monday, March 8, [illegible]

For the purpose of electing one [illegible] years and a clerk to serve [illegible] Polls to be open from 2 to 6 [illegible]

D. W[illegible]

Clerk of School District No. 1, [illegible]

Portland Feb 20, 1880.

VOL XX.—NO.

GENERAL N[illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE O[illegible]

The Telegraph [illegible]

[illegible] Feb 27—Notwith[illegible] granted by the [illegible] and Denver to restrain [illegible] Telegraph Company [illegible] the wires of the Weste[illegible] Company to the [illegible] er company [illegible] and have possession of [illegible] is order [illegible] road known as the A[illegible] were also cut [illegible] possession of the A[illegible] pany An injunction [illegible] to-day [illegible] but for assurances from [illegible] the here would be [illegible] steps are being taken by the [illegible] Company as will vindicate [illegible]

Failure of a Foolhardy [illegible]

NEW YORK Feb 27—Herb[illegible] Andrew B Coombe, who left [illegible] 8th of July in a small decked [illegible] course, proceeded no further [illegible] than a fishing village twenty [illegible] Bahia, when they were comp[illegible] distress. They reached here [illegible] steamer *City of Para*

Death of the Wife of Ju[illegible]

NEW YORK, Feb 27.—News [illegible] ceived here of the death ye[illegible] Fe of the wife of Chief Justice [illegible] Mexico. The lady was ma[illegible] months disease pneumonia [illegible]

Suit for Dama[illegible]

Ex County Clerk Gumbleton [illegible] suit for damages of $50,000 [illegible] R binson alleging illegal retu[illegible] The suit is based upon a deci[illegible] of Police Commissioner Nich[illegible]

A Minister's Chara[illegible]

FALL RIVER Mass Feb 27—[illegible] tical trial of the Rev Charles [illegible] tor of the Methodist Episcopal [illegible] by his wife with improper co[illegible] glecting to support her, has [illegible] suspension from the minis[illegible] church privileges until the [illegible] annual conference.

A Refugee Presid[illegible]

NEW YORK Feb. 27—Valp[illegible] the 24th of January, state tha[illegible] revolution broke out against D[illegible] refuge aboard the steamer Ala[illegible] returned It is believed that he [illegible] A equipa or Arica.

Respited—Executed

LITTLE ROCK, Feb 27—Gov. [illegible] night respited the sentence of [illegible] Edwards to await consideration [illegible] to the supreme court.

James Howard was hung at [illegible] lin county, to-day.

Railroad Meeting at [illegible]

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Durin[illegible] week a number of represent[illegible] men have been in the city, an[illegible] given rise to various rumors [illegible] jectures as to the object of th[illegible] day W A. H. Loveland, of [illegible] Central, Mr Galiup, of the [illegible] bany railroad, Judge T. Beam, [illegible] Pacific, and Gen. Howard, of [illegible] Providence railroads, arrived [illegible] evening It was reported that [illegible] railroad magnates had taken [illegible] be ore, and Col Thos. Scott, o[illegible] vania Railroad, who was called [illegible] gard to the matter this evening [illegible] true they held a meeting at [illegible] last night, that its object was [illegible] so far as possible all the confli[illegible] of the trunk lines Messrs G[illegible] Vanderbilt, Roberts and himse[illegible] ent He said that there was [illegible] day of representatives of we[illegible] Chicago and that the meeting [illegible] ing was to determine upon the [illegible] send to them on the subject [illegible] freights. We decided, said [illegible] counsel them to abandon their [illegible] to agree upon some system of [illegible] There were no other special [illegible] acted upon by our conference, [illegible] we want to make a little mon[illegible] boom in the country.

Meeting of Railroad Repre[illegible] Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27—Represe[illegible] leading eastern and western roa[illegible] have decided to reduce the rate [illegible] flour east bound five cents [illegible] pounds beginning March 1st [illegible] similar reduction on other arti[illegible] March 8th A twelve [illegible] adopted in place of the present [illegible] A committee consisting of rep[illegible] eastern trunk lines and their we[illegible] tions, was appointed to exam[illegible] cutting, and report to-morr[illegible] charges of minor importance w[illegible]

Siwashes En Route to W[illegible]

Capt. Jack, Sowawick, Shav[illegible] friendly Utes and Uncomp[illegible] through to-night en route to W[illegible]

Chicago's Grain Bus[illegible]

The report of Secretary Ra[illegible] board of trade, from advance [illegible] the following for the year. [illegible] 000 bushels, the largest by 4,0[illegible] riving in the city in a year. [illegible] 000 000 bushels, prices ranged [illegible] 1878, Receipts of corn, 64,000 0[illegible] about 1 250 000 greater than [illegible] ments, 61,000 000 There was [illegible] the oat crop in the state of 80 [illegible] All other business has increased [illegible]

WASHINGTON CI[illegible]

The Cattle Order Re[illegible]

WASHINGTON, Feb 27—The [illegible] partment has revoked the ord[illegible] ber 3d 1879, prohibiting the i[illegible] neat cattle from Canada

The Oil Monopol[illegible]

Gen Butler made an argume[illegible] house committee on commerce [illegible] half of the oil producers of We[illegible] vania, who desire congressional [illegible] into the method used by the [illegible] Co of Pennsylvania, in buil[illegible] they term a colossal monop[illegible] crushing out competitors. Gen [illegible] cised the operations of the Sta[illegible] asserting that it had forced rail[illegible] ies to come to their terms, in e[illegible] extorting large sums It had [illegible] Pennsylvania Railroad Co, to a [illegible] 000 all done to maintain the [illegible] The committee took no action [illegible]

The Ute Prisoner[illegible]

The war department is in[illegible] Douglas, the Ute recently de[illegible] been taken to the military p[illegible] Leavenworth to be kept unt[illegible] prisoners are decided Two ot[illegible] Jim Johnson and Thomas, [illegible] Gen Adams and those of the U[illegible] from here to secure the delive[illegible] oners are enroute for this city

An American's View of Eng[illegible] ture.

U S Consul Bradford writ[illegible] se no hope for English farm[illegible] a large reduction of rents wi[illegible] be carried from Chicago to [illegible] about 34 cents per one hundred [illegible]

The Indian Territ[illegible]

The senate committee on ter[illegible] gave audience to representative[illegible] okee nation in opposition to th[illegible] ing for the establishment of a [illegible] the Indian territory and for ot[illegible] The committee at the concl[illegible] hearing decided to adhere to [illegible] act directing the measure be [illegible] recommendation for passage

The Presidential Outlook at [illegible]

CHICAGO Feb 27—The *Inter Ocean* [illegible] Full reports have been received fr[illegible] to-day which somewhat dulled th[illegible] Grant enthusiasm but his friends ha[illegible] as ever They claim that Illinois [illegible] states will follow New York when [illegible] by a much larger majority The Gr[illegible] New York was less than his friends [illegible] but they are assured of a unit on [illegible] and this is all they claim to be ne[illegible] argue that Grant will be chosen on [illegible] At the Sherman headquarters to-d[illegible] been great activity in answering le[illegible] tributing documents An intimate [illegible] tary Sherman says that the secreta[illegible] discouraged by the outlook in New [illegible] Blaine headquarters there is acti[illegible]

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